

Brocade FastIron WS Hardware Installation Guide

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Regulatory Statements USA (FCC CFR 47 part 15 warning). 65 Industry Canada statement 65 Europe and Australia (CISPR 22 class A warning). 65 Japan (VCCI) 65 Japan power cord. 66 Korea. 66 Russia 66 China. 67 BSMI statement (Taiwan). 68 Regulatory compliance 68 Caution and Danger Notices 68 Cautions. 69 Danger. 71

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Document conventions

The document conventions describe text formatting conventions, command syntax conventions, and important notice formats used in Brocade technical documentation.

Text formatting conventions

Text formatting conventions such as boldface, italic, or Courier font may be used in the flow of the text to highlight specific words or phrases.

Format	Description	
bold text	Identifies command names	
	Identifies keywords and operands	
	Identifies the names of user-manipulated GUI elements	
	Identifies text to enter at the GUI	
italic text	Identifies emphasis	
	Identifies variables	
	Identifies document titles	
Courier font	Identifies CLI output	
	Identifies command syntax examples	

Command syntax conventions

Bold and italic text identify command syntax components. Delimiters and operators define groupings of parameters and their logical relationships.

Convention Description		
bold text	Identifies command names, keywords, and command options.	
italic text	Identifies a variable.	
value	In Fibre Channel products, a fixed value provided as input to a command option is printed in plain text, for example, show WWN.	
[]	Syntax components displayed within square brackets are optional.	
	Default responses to system prompts are enclosed in square brackets.	

Preface

Brocade resources

 $\{ \mathbf{x} \mid \mathbf{y} \mid \mathbf{z} \}$ A choice of required parameters is enclosed in curly brackets separated by

vertical bars. You must select one of the options.

In Fibre Channel products, square brackets may be used instead for this purpose.

x | **y** A vertical bar separates mutually exclusive elements.

< > Nonprinting characters, for example, passwords, are enclosed in angle brackets.

... Repeat the previous element, for example, member[member...].

\ Indicates a "soft" line break in command examples. If a backslash separates two

lines of a command input, enter the entire command at the prompt without the

backslash.

Notes, cautions, and warnings

Notes, cautions, and warning statements may be used in this document. They are listed in the order of increasing severity of potential hazards.

NOTE

A Note provides a tip, guidance, or advice, emphasizes important information, or provides a reference to related information.

ATTENTION

An Attention statement indicates a stronger note, for example, to alert you when traffic might be interrupted or the device might reboot.



CAUTION

A Caution statement alerts you to situations that can be potentially hazardous to you or cause damage to hardware, firmware, software, or data.



DANGER

A Danger statement indicates conditions or situations that can be potentially lethal or extremely hazardous to you. Safety labels are also attached directly to products to warn of these conditions or situations.

Brocade resources

Visit the Brocade website to locate related documentation for your product and additional Brocade resources.

You can download additional publications supporting your product at www.brocade.com. Select the Brocade Products tab to locate your product, then click the Brocade product name or image to open the individual product page. The user manuals are available in the resources module at the bottom of the page under the Documentation category.

To get up-to-the-minute information on Brocade products and resources, go to MyBrocade. You can register at no cost to obtain a user ID and password.

Release notes are available on MyBrocade under Product Downloads.

White papers, online demonstrations, and data sheets are available through the Brocade website.

Contacting Brocade Technical Support

As a Brocade customer, you can contact Brocade Technical Support 24x7 online, by telephone, or by e-mail. Brocade OEM customers contact their OEM/Solutions provider.

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If you have purchased Brocade product support directly from Brocade, use one of the following methods to contact the Brocade Technical Assistance Center 24x7.

Online	Telephone	E-mail
Preferred method of contact for nonurgent	Required for Sev 1-Critical and Sev	support@brocade.com
issues:	2-High issues:	Please include:
 My Cases through MyBrocade Software downloads and licensing tools Knowledge Base 	 Continental US: 1-800-752-8061 Europe, Middle East, Africa, and Asia Pacific: +800-AT FIBREE (+800 28 34 27 33) For areas unable to access toll free number: +1-408-333-6061 Toll-free numbers are available in many countries. 	 Problem summary Serial number Installation details Environment description

Brocade OEM customers

If you have purchased Brocade product support from a Brocade OEM/Solution Provider, contact your OEM/Solution Provider for all of your product support needs.

- OEM/Solution Providers are trained and certified by Brocade to support Brocade® products.
- Brocade provides backline support for issues that cannot be resolved by the OEM/Solution Provider.
- Brocade Supplemental Support augments your existing OEM support contract, providing direct access to Brocade expertise. For more information, contact Brocade or your OEM.
- For questions regarding service levels and response times, contact your OEM/Solution Provider.

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Quality is our first concern at Brocade and we have made every effort to ensure the accuracy and completeness of this document. However, if you find an error or an omission, or you think that a topic needs further development, we want to hear from you. You can provide feedback in two ways:

- Through the online feedback form in the HTML documents posted on www.brocade.com.
- By sending your feedback to documentation@brocade.com.

Provide the publication title, part number, and as much detail as possible, including the topic heading and page number if applicable, as well as your suggestions for improvement.

Brocade FastIron WS Hardware Installation Guide Part Number: 53-1002498-03

Preface

Document feedback

About this Document

What's new in this document

There is no enhancements in this edition.

About this Document

What's new in this document

Product Overview

Hardware features

The FastIron WS Series includes the following models:

- FWS624
- FWS648
- FWS624G
- FWS648G
- FWS624-POE
- FWS648-POE
- FWS624G-POE
- FWS648G-POE

These models support an optional external redundant AC power supply that can power up to four units.

The following sections describe the physical characteristics of the FastIron WS models. For more details about physical dimensions, power supply specifications, and pinouts, refer to <Link>Chapter 5, "Hardware Specifications".

FWS624, FWS648, FWS624G, FWS648G

FastIron WS devices provide high 10/100 Mbps port density and Gigabit Ethernet uplinks in a compact form factor:

- FastIron WS624 includes 20 x 10/100 Mbps ports plus 4 Combo 10/100/1000 Mbps copper (RJ45) or 100/1000 Ethernet Fiber (SFP) ports.
- FastIron WS648 includes 44 x 10/100 Mbps ports plus 4 Combo 10/100/1000 Mbps copper (RJ45) or 100/1000 Ethernet Fiber (SFP) ports.
- FastIron WS624G includes 20 x 10/100/1000 Mbps ports plus 4 Combo 10/100/1000 Mbps copper (RJ45) or 100/1000 Ethernet Fiber (SFP) ports.
- FastIron WS648G includes 44 x 10/100/1000 Mbps ports plus 4 Combo 10/100/1000 Mbps copper (RJ45) or 100/1000 Ethernet Fiber (SFP) ports.

The following figures show the front and rear panels of the FastIron WS models.

FIGURE 1 FWS624. FWS624G

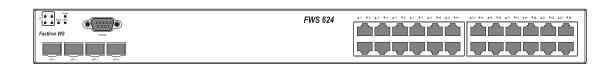
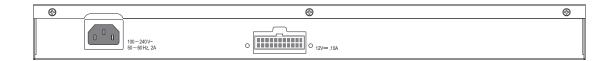


FIGURE 2 FWS648. FWS648G



FIGURE 3 FWS624, FWS648, FWS624G, FWS648G rear panel



FWS624-POE, FWS648-POE, FWS624G-POE, FWS648G-POE

FastIron WS POE devices provide high 10/100 port density and Gigabit Ethernet uplinks in a compact form factor:

- FastIron WS624-POE includes 20 x 10/100 Mbps PoE ports plus 4 Combo 10/100/1000 Mbps copper (RJ45 PoE) or 100/1000 Ethernet Fiber (SFP) ports. Unit supports 802.3af PoE.
- FastIron WS648-POE includes 44 x 10/100 Mbps PoE ports plus 4 Combo 10/100/1000 Mbps copper (RJ45 PoE) or 100/1000 Ethernet Fiber (SFP) ports. Unit supports 802.3af PoE.
- FastIron WS624G-POE includes 20 x 10/100/1000 Mbps PoE ports plus 4 Combo 10/100/1000 Mbps copper (RJ45 PoE) or 100/1000 Ethernet Fiber (SFP) ports. Unit supports 802.3af PoE.
- FastIron WS648G-POE includes 44 x 10/100/1000 Mbps PoE ports plus 4 Combo 10/100/1000 Mbps copper (RJ45 PoE) or 100/1000 Ethernet Fiber (SFP) ports. Unit supports 802.3af PoE.

The following figures show the front and rear panels of these FastIron WS models.

FIGURE 4 FWS624-POE, FWS624G-POE



FIGURE 5 FWS648-POE, FWS648G-POE

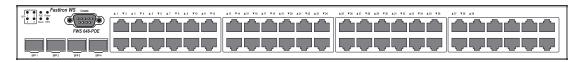
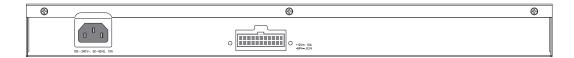


FIGURE 6 FWS624-POE, FWS648-POE, FWS624G-POE, FWS648G-POE rear panel



Control features

Serial management interface (console port)

The serial management interface allows you to configure and manage the device using a third-party terminal emulation application on a directly connected PC. A straight-through EIA/TIA DB-9 serial cable (M or F) ships with the device. The serial management interface (the console port) is located in the left corner of the front panel.

POE applications

FWS POE devices provide Power over Ethernet (POE), compliant with the standards described in the IEEE 802.3af specification for delivering in-line power. The 802.3af specification defines the standard for delivering power over existing network cabling infrastructure, offering multicast-enabled full streaming audio and video applications for converged services, such as Voice over IP (VoIP), WLAN access points, IP surveillance cameras, and other IP technology devices.

POE technology eliminates the need for an electrical outlet and dedicated UPS near IP powered devices. With power sourcing devices, such as the Brocade FWS624-POE and FWS648-POE, power is consolidated and centralized in the wiring closets, improving the reliability and resiliency of the network. Because POE can provide power over Ethernet cable, power is continuous, even in the event of a power failure.

For more information about POE and how to configure it on FWS devices, refer to the <Italic>FastIron Configuration Guide.

FastIron WS network interfaces

FWS624 and FWS648 devices provide the following interfaces:

- 10/100 Mbpsports with RJ-45 copper connectors (Ports 5~24 or Ports 5~48)
- 10/100/1000 RJ-45 or 100/1000 SFP (1-GE) combo ports (Ports 1~4)

FWS624G and FWS648G devices provide the following interfaces:

- 10/100/1000 Mbps ports with RJ-45 copper connectors (Ports 5~24 or Ports 5~48)
- 10/100/1000 RJ-45 or 100/1000 SFP (1-GE) combo ports (Ports 1~4)

FastIron WS 10/100/1000 BASE-T ports

These devices contain 24/48 RJ-45 ports that operate at 10 Mbps or 100 Mbps, half or full duplex, or at 1000 Mbps, full duplex. Because all ports support automatic MDI or MDI-X operation, you can use straight-through cables for all network connections to PCs or servers, or to other switches or hubs. (See <Link>"Pinouts and signalling" on page 49.) Brocade recommends using MDIX cable for switch-to-switch connections.

Because each port supports auto-negotiation, the optimum transmission mode (half or full duplex), and data rate (10, 100, or 1000 Mbps) can be selected automatically. If a device connected to one of these ports does not support auto-negotiation, the communication mode of that port can be configured manually.

Combination Ports

FWS devices contain four Small Form Factor Pluggable (SFP) combination ports (ports 1~4), that are shared with four of the RJ45 ports In the default configuration. If an SFP transceiver is installed in a slot and has a valid link on its port, the associated RJ45 port is disabled and cannot be used.

SFP network interfaces

Table 1 describes the network interfaces supported on the device. For network interface specifications, refer to the table <Link>"Cable length summary table" on page 51.

 TABLE 1
 Supported SFP network interfaces for FWS devices

Interface	Show media description
1000Base-BX-D	M-GBXD
1000Base-BX-U	M-GBXU
1000Base-LHA	M-LHA
1000Base-LHB	M-LHB
1000Base-LX	M-LX
1000Base-LH	M-LH
1000Base-SX	M-SX
1000Base-SX2	M-SX2
1000Base-T	С
100Base-BX	M-FBX
100Base-FX	M-FX
1310-MMF 10GbE	1310-NM

Port and system status LEDs

FWS devices include an LED display panel on the front panel with indicators for key system and port indications to simplify installation and network troubleshooting. The LEDs are shown in Figure 7 and Figure 8, and described in Table 2 and Table 3.

FIGURE 7 Port status LEDs

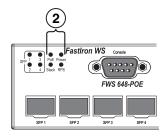


1 Port status LEDs 2 Port status LEDs

TABLE 2 Port status LEDs

LED	Status	Status
Link or	On or Flashing Amber	Port has a valid link at 10 or 100 Mbps. Flashing indicates activity.
Activity or Speed (1-24/48)	On or Flashing Green	Port has a valid link at 1000 Mbps. Flashing indicates activity.
SFP(1-4)	Off	The link is down.

FIGURE 8 System status LEDs



2 System status LEDs

TABLE 3 System status LEDs

LED	Condition	Status
Power	Green	Internal power is operating normally.
	Amber	Internal power supply fault.
	Off	Power off or failure.
Stack	Off	System stand alone
	Green	System in stacking master mode
	Amber	System in stacking slave mode
RPS	Green	Redundant power supply is providing power.
	Amber	Primary power supply is active, RPS is on standby.
	Off	Redundant power supply is off or not plugged in.
POE	Green	POE module is operating normally.
	Amber	POE module fault.
	Off	POE module not present.

Power supplies

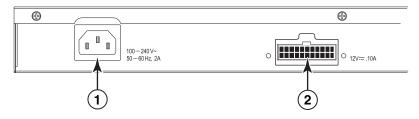
Optional redundant power supply

FWS devices support an optional redundant power supply (RPS), that can provide power to the switch in the event the internal power supply fails.

Power supply receptacles

There are two power receptacles on the rear panel of each switch. The standard power receptacle is for the AC power cord. The receptacle labeled "RPS" is for the optional redundant power supply cord.

FIGURE 9 Power supply receptacles



1 Power socket 2 Redundant power socket

FIGURE 10 Power supply receptacles (POE Models)



1 Power socket 2 Redundant power socket

Installing FWS624 and FWS648 Models

Unpacking the device

NOTE

The procedures in this manual are intended for qualified service personnel.

NOTE

Before beginning the installation, refer to the precautions in "Power precautions" on page 21. This chapter describes how to physically install the FastIron WS.

Information about configuring IP addresses and connecting network devices is located in Chapter 3, "Connecting Network Devices and Checking Connectivity".

The FastIron WS systems ship with all of the following items. Please review the list below and verify the contents of your shipping container. If any items are missing, please contact the place of purchase.

Package contents

The package contents of device are listed below:

- Brocade FastIron WS
- 115V AC power cable (for AC sourced devices)
- Rack mount brackets
- Warranty card
- A straight-through EIA/TIA DB-9 serial cable (F or F). The serial cable can be ordered separately from Brocade Communications Systems, Inc.. If you prefer to build your own cable, refer to the pinout information in "Attaching a PC or terminal" on page 36.

General requirements

To manage the system, you need the following items for serial connection to the device:

• A management station, such as a PC running a terminal emulation application.

You use the serial connection to perform basic configuration tasks, including assigning an IP address and network mask to the system. This information is required to manage the system using the Web Management Interface or IronView Network Manager or using the CLI through Telnet.

Summary of installation tasks

Follow the steps listed below to install your FastIron WS. Details for each of these steps are provided in this chapter and in the following chapter.

TABLE 1 Summary of installation tasks

Task number	Task	Where to find more information
1	Ensure that the physical environment that will host the device has the proper cabling and ventilation.	"Preparing the installation site" on page 22
2	Install any required optional modules into the device.	"Activating power to the device" on page 35
3	Install the Brocade device on a desktop, in an equipment rack.	"Installing the device" on page 23
4	Once the device is physically installed, plug the device into a nearby power source that adheres to the regulatory requirements outlined in this manual.	"Activating power to the device" on page 35
5	Verify that the system LEDs are registering the proper LED state after power-on of the system.	"Verifying proper operation" on page 36
6	Attach a terminal or PC to the Brocade device. This will enable you to configure the device through the Command Line Interface (CLI).	"Attaching a PC or terminal" on page 36
7	No default password is assigned to the CLI. For additional access security, assign a password.	"Assigning permanent passwords" on page 29
8	Before attaching equipment to the device, you need to configure an interface IP address to the subnet on which it will be located. Initial IP address configuration is performed using the CLI with a direct serial connection. Subsequent IP address configuration can be performed using the Web management interface.	"Configuring IP addresses" on page 30
9	Once you power on the device and assign IP addresses, the system is ready to accept network equipment.	"Devices running layer 3 software" on page 32
10	Test IP connectivity to other devices by pinging them and tracing routes.	"Testing connectivity" on page 37
11	Continue configuring the device using the CLI or the Web management interface. You also can use IronView Network Manager to manage the device. Refer to the Brocade">talic>Brocade IronView Network Management User's Guide for information.	FastIron Configuration Guide
12	Secure access to the device.	<lt><ltalic>FastIron Configuration Guide</ltalic></lt>

Installation precautions

Follow these precautions when installing a Brocade device.

General precautions



All fiber-optic interfaces use Class 1 lasers.



Do not install the device in an environment where the operating ambient temperature might exceed 40° C (104° F).



Make sure the air flow around the front and sides of the device is not restricted.



Never leave tools inside the device.

Lifting precautions



Make sure the rack or cabinet housing the device is adequately secured to prevent it from becoming unstable or falling over.



Mount the devices you install in a rack or cabinet as low as possible. Place the heaviest device at the bottom and progressively place lighter devices above.

Power precautions



Use a separate branch circuit for each AC power cord, which provides redundancy in case one of the circuits fails.



To avoid high voltage shock, do not open the device while the power is on.



Ensure that the device does not overload the power circuits, wiring, and over-current protection. To determine the possibility of overloading the supply circuits, add the ampere (amp) ratings of all devices installed on the same circuit as the device. Compare this total with the rating limit for the circuit. The maximum ampere ratings are usually printed on the devices near the input power connectors.



Disconnect the power cord from all power sources to completely remove power from the device.



If the installation requires a different power cord than the one supplied with the device, make sure you use a power cord displaying the mark of the safety agency that defines the regulations for power cords in your country. The mark is your assurance that the power cord can be used safely with the device.

Preparing the installation site

Cabling infrastructure

Ensure that the proper cabling is installed at the site. Refer to Chapter 5, "Hardware Specifications" or www.brocade.com for a summary of supported cabling types and their specifications.

Installation location

Before installing the device, plan its location and orientation relative to other devices and equipment. Devices can be mounted in a standard 19-inch equipment rack or on a flat surface. Be sure to follow the guidelines below when choosing a location.

The site should:

- Maintain temperatures within 0 to 40 °C (32 to 104 °F) and humidity levels within 5% to 95%, non-condensing.
- Allow a minimum of 3in. of space between the sides and the back of the device and walls or other obstructions for proper air flow
- Allow at least 3in. of space at the front and back of the device for the twisted-pair, fiber-optic, and power cabling.
- Be accessible for installing, cabling and maintaining the devices.
- Allow the status LEDs to be clearly visible.
- Allow for twisted-pair cable to be always routed away from power lines, fluorescent lighting fixtures and other sources of electrical interference, such as radios and transmitters.
- Allow for the device to be connected to a separate grounded power outlet that provides 110 to 240 VAC, 50 to 60 Hz, is within 2 m (6.6 feet) of each device and is powered from an independent circuit breaker. As with any equipment, a filter or surge suppressor is recommended.

Installing the device

You can install Brocade systems on a desktop or in an equipment rack.



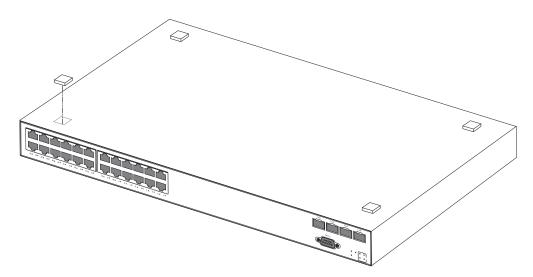
Make sure the rack or cabinet housing the device is adequately secured to prevent it from becoming unstable or falling over.



Mount the devices you install in a rack or cabinet as low as possible. Place the heaviest device at the bottom and progressively place lighter devices above.

Desktop installation

FIGURE 1 Attaching the adhesive feet



- 1. Attach the four adhesive feet to the bottom of the first device.
- 2. Set the device on a flat desktop, table, or shelf near an AC power source. Make sure that adequate ventilation is provided for the system. A 3-inch clearance is recommended on each side.
- 3. If you are installing a single device only, go to "Activating power to the device" on page 35.
- 4. If you are installing multiple devices, attach the adhesive feet to each one. Place each device squarely on top of the one below, in any order.
- 5. If you are also installing an redundant power supply, place it close to the device.

Rack mount installation

NOTE

You need a #2 Phillips screwdriver for installation.

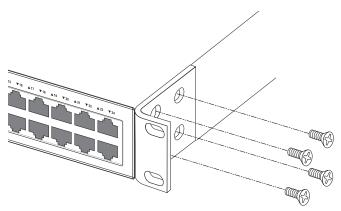
Before mounting the device in a rack, consider the following factors:

- **Temperature**: Since the temperature within a rack assembly may be higher than the ambient room temperature, check that the rack-environment temperature is within the specified operating temperature range. (Refer to "Operating environment" on page 48.)
- Mechanical loading: Do not place any equipment on top of a rack-mounted device.
- Circuit overloading: Be sure that the supply circuit to the rack assembly is not overloaded.
- Grounding: Rack-mounted equipment should be properly grounded. Particular attention should be given to supply connections other than direct connections to the mains.

To mount devices in rack follow the steps given below.

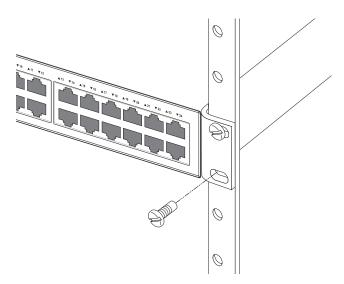
- 1. Remove the rack mount kit from the shipping carton. The kit contains two L-shaped mounting brackets and mounting screws.
- 2. Attach the mounting brackets to the sides of the device as illustrated in Figure 2.

FIGURE 2 Attaching the brackets



3. Attach the device in the rack as illustrated in Figure 3.

FIGURE 3 Installing the device in a rack



4. If you are installing a single device, proceed to "Activating power to the device" on page 35.

- 5. If you are installing multiple devices, mount them in the rack, one below the other, in any order.
- 6. If you are also installing an redundant power supply, mount it in the rack below the other devices.

Installing a redundant power supply

RPS2-EIF Redundant Power Supply

The Brocade External Redundant Power Supply (RPS2-EIF) can supply a maximum of 150 Watts of output power per port, a total of 600 Watts of backup power to four FastIron WS devices in the event of an AC loss or failure of an internal power supply.

The system operates as a backup to the internal power supply for a device. If an internal power supply fails, the redundant power supply will support the device without affecting network operation.

The following devices are supported by the FastIron RPS2-EIF:

- FastIron WS FWS624
- FastIron WS FWS648

Features and benefits

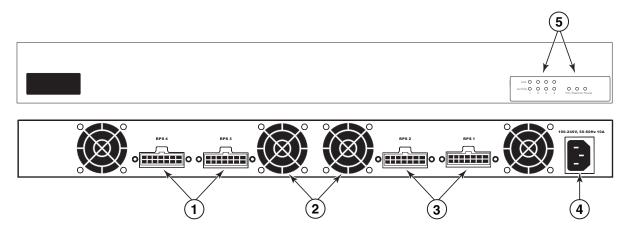
The RPS2-EIF power supply provides the following features and benefits:

- Supports four FastIron WS devices with 12V DC output
- Status LEDs located on the front panel
- AC line cord can draw power from a different supply circuit
- DC line cord provides backup power to the attached device
- Thermal overload protection prevents the redundant power supply from overheating if a thermal overload occurs.
- Over-voltage protection shuts down an output channel if voltage exceeds a preset threshold.
- Over-current protection shuts down the power supply if output load exceeds a preset threshold.
- Short-circuit protection prevents damage to the power supply due to a short circuit on any output channel.
- Operates under a no-load condition.

Front and rear panels

Four power indicators and one fan indicator are located on the front panel of the power supply. The AC supply and DC backup receptacles are located on the rear panel of the power supply.

FIGURE 4 Front and rear panels



- 1 Redundant power sockets 4-3
- 4 Power socket

2 Fans

- 5 Port and system status indicators
- 3 Redundant power sockets 2-1

Package contents

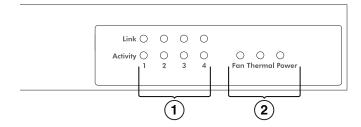
The RPS2-EIF power supply shipping package contains:

- Redundant power supply (RPS2-EIF)
- One AC supply power cord US, Continental Europe or UK
- Four DC backup power cords with IEC connectors on both ends (length 152 cm each)
- Rack Mounting Kit containing brackets and screws
- Adhesive feet
- User agreement envelope
- Registration card

LEDs

The RPS2-EIF LEDs are described in Figure 5, Table 2 and Table 3.

FIGURE 5 RPS2-EIF LEDs



1 Port indicators 2

2 System indicators

TABLE 2 Port status LEDs - RPS2-EIF

LED (1~4)	Condition	Status
Link	Off The port does not have a valid connection to a device.	
	On Yellow	The port has a valid connection to a device.
	Flashing Yellow	There has been an internal power failure.
Activity	Off	The port is not providing power to the connected device.
	Flashing Green	The port has been shut down due to one of the following conditions:
		The device has detected an over-current condition.
		One or more of the fans have failed.
	On Green	The port is providing power to a connected device.

TABLE 3 System status LEDs - RPS2-EIF

LED	Condition	Status
Power	On Green	AC power is being supplied to the power supply.
	Off	No AC power is being supplied to the power supply.
Fan	On Green	The fans are functioning normally.
	Flashing Yellow	One or more of the fans is not operating properly.
	Off	The fans are not receiveing power.
Thermal	On Green	The temperature of the unit is within an acceptable range.
	Flashing Yellow	The temperature is close to exceeding acceptable levels.
	Off	The thermal detector has failed, or the unit is powered off.

RPS12 external redundant power supply

The external redundant power supply (RPS12) can supply backup power to one of four connected devices in the event of an AC loss or failure of an internal power supply. The system supplies the failed device with up to 120 W for primary 12 VDC power, and up to 780 W of -54 VDC PoE power (for PoE devices connected to the failed device).

The RPS12 monitors the power status for all attached devices and provides power to first device with a detected power failure. The RPS12 supports the full load of the device without affecting network operation. When the RPS12 is supplying power to a device, it cannot provide power to other connected devices.

When a device fails, the RPS12 sends status information to the other connected devices, which then communicate the status of the RPS12 to network management software.

The following devices are supported by the FastIron RPS12:

- FastIron WS FWS624-POE
- FastIron WS FWS648-POE
- FastIron WS FWS624G-POE
- FastIron WS FWS648G-POE

Features and benefits

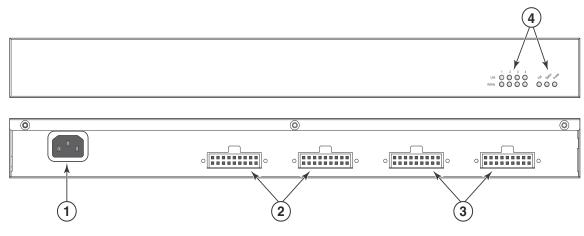
• Supports up to four connections to FastIron WS PoE devices

- Can supply one out of four connected device with 12V DC primary power and -54V DC PoE power
- Status LEDs located on the front panel
- AC line cord draws power from a different supply circuit
- DC line cord provides backup power to the attached device
- Thermal overload protection prevents the RPS12 from overheating if a thermal overload occurs.
- Over-voltage protection shuts down an output channel if the voltage exceeds a preset threshold.
- Over-current protection shuts down the RPS12 if output load exceeds a preset threshold.
- Short-circuit protection prevents damage to the RPS12 due to a short circuit on any output channel.
- The power supply will operate under a no-load condition.
- Supports hot connection of FastIron WS PoE devices

Front and rear panels

Four power indicators and one fan indicator are located on the front panel. The AC supply and DC backup receptacles are located on the rear panel.

FIGURE 6 Front and Rear Panels



- 1 Power socket
- 2 Redundant power sockets 4-3
- 3 Redundant power sockets 2-1 4
- Power system status indicator

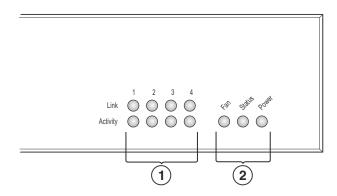
Package contents

- Redundant power supply (RPS12)
- One AC supply power cord US, Continental Europe or UK
- One DC power cord with IEC connectors on both ends (length 152 cm each)
- Rack Mounting Kit containing brackets and screws
- Adhesive feet
- User agreement envelope
- Registration card

LEDs

Figure 7, Table 3, and Table 4 describe the functions of the RPS12 LEDs.

FIGURE 7 FastIron RPS12 LEDs



1 Port indicators

System indicators

TABLE 4 Port Status LEDs - RPS12

LED (1~4)	Condition	Status
Link	Off	The port does not have a valid connection to a device.
	On Yellow	The port has a valid connection to a device
Activity	Off	The port may be connected to a device, but is not delivering power to the device.
	On Green	The port is providing power to a connected device.

TABLE 5 System Status LEDs - RPS12

LED	Condition	Status
Power	On Green	AC power is being supplied to the power supply.
	Off	No AC power is being supplied to the power supply.
Status	On Green	The power supply is operating normally.
	On Red	The power supply has detected an abnormal condition.
Fan	On Green	The cooling fan is operating normally.
	On Red	The cooling fan is not operating normally.

Selecting a redundant power supply installation site

RPS2-EIF and RPS12 power supplies can be mounted in a standard 19-inch equipment rack or on a flat surface. Be sure to follow these guidelines when choosing a location.



Do not place a redundant power supply on the floor as the case is not waterproof. It is recommended that either of the redundant power supplies be installed in a network equipment rack.



Remove the power cord from a power supply before you install it in or remove it from the device. Otherwise, the power supply or the device could be damaged as a result. (The device can be running while a power supply is being installed or removed, but the power supply itself should not be connected to a power source.)

The installation site should meet these requirements:

- Be at the center of all the devices you want to link, and near a power outlet.
- Maintain temperatures within 0 to 40 °C (32 to 104 °F) and humidity levels within 5% to 95%, non-condensing.
- Provide adequate space (approximately 5.08 cm (2 inches) on all sides for proper air flow.
- Be accessible for installing, cabling and maintaining the devices.
- Allow the status LEDs to be clearly visible.
- Allow for twisted-pair cable to be always routed away from power lines, fluorescent lighting fixtures and other sources of
 electrical interference, such as radios and transmitters.
- Provide a separate grounded power outlet that provides 100 to 240 VAC, 50-60 Hz, is within 2.44 m (8 feet) of each device, and is powered from an independent circuit breaker.
- As with any electrical equipment, a filter or surge suppressor is recommended.

Equipment checklist

When you unpack the RPS2-EIF or RPS12 power supply, make sure you have received all the components. (Refer to "Package contents" on page 26.) Before beginning the installation, be sure you have all other necessary installation equipment.

Optional rack-mounting equipment

If you plan to rack-mount a redundant power supply, have the following equipment available:

- Four mounting screws for each device you plan to install (screws are not included)
- A screwdriver (Phillips or flathead, depending on the type of screws used)

Mounting a redundant power supply in a rack

Before mounting the redundant power supply in a rack, consider the following factors:

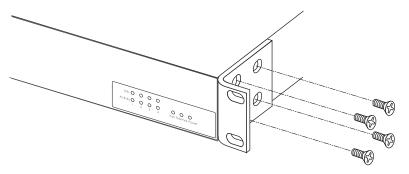
• **Temperature**: Since the temperature within a rack assembly may be higher than the ambient room temperature, check that the rack-environment temperature is within the specified operating temperature range.

- Mechanical loading: Do not place any equipment on top of a rack-mounted device.
- Circuit overloading: Be sure that the supply circuit to the rack assembly is not overloaded.
- **Grounding**: Rack-mounted equipment should be properly grounded. Particular attention should be given to supply connections other than direct connections to the mains.

Follow these steps to install a redundant power supply in a rack.

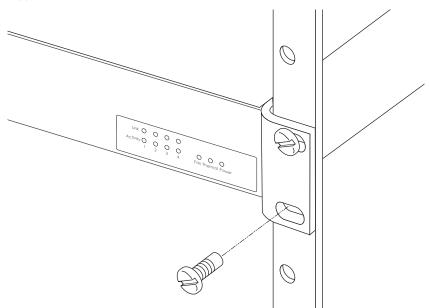
1. Attach the brackets to the power supply using the screws provided in the Bracket Mounting Kit. Refer to Figure 8.

FIGURE 8 Attaching the mounting brackets



2. Mount the power supply in the rack, using four rack-mounting screws (not provided). Refer to Figure 9.

FIGURE 9 Installing the redundant power supply in a rack

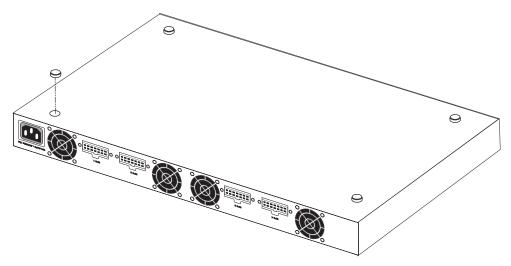


3. If installing multiple redundant power supplies, mount them in the rack one below the other, in any order.

Desktop or shelf mounting

1. Attach the four adhesive feet to the bottom of the first redundant power supply. Refer to Figure 10.

FIGURE 10 Attaching the adhesive feet



2. Set the power supply on a flat surface near an AC power source, making sure there are at least 5.08 cm (2 inches) of space on all sides for proper air flow.

Connecting devices to the redundant power supply

The FastIron RPS2-EIF is supported on the following devices:

- FastIron WS624
- FastIron WS648

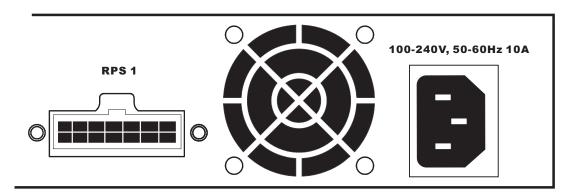
The FastIron RPS12 is supported on the following devices:

- FastIron FWS624-POE
- FastIron FWS648-POE

To connect devices to a redundant power supply, follow these steps.

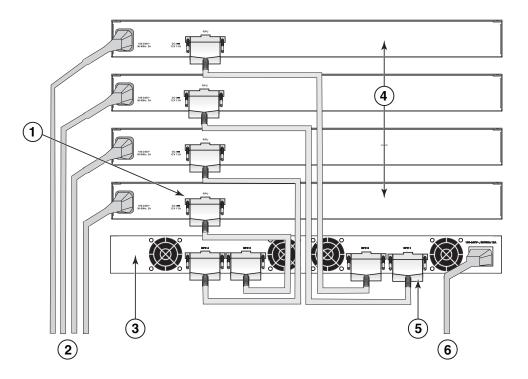
1. Connect one end of the AC cord to the AC receptacle on the device, and the other end to a grounded power outlet. Refer to Figure 11.

FIGURE 11 Power receptacle



- 2. Connect one end of a DC cord to the redundant power receptacle on the device and the other end to an available receptacle on the redundant power supply.
- 3. Repeat step 1 and step 2 to connect up to four devices to the redundant power supply. Refer to Figure 12.
- 4. Connect one end of the AC cord to the AC receptacle on the redundant power supply, and the other end to a grounded power outlet.
- 5. Check the LEDs on the redundant power supply to ensure proper operation. On the RPS2-EIF and RPS12, the Power LED should light up. If the LEDs do not light, refer to "Troubleshooting" on page 53 for more information.

FIGURE 12 Connecting multiple devices to a redundant power supply.



Installing FWS624 and FWS648 Models

Installing a redundant power supply

Input port
 AC power supply no.1
 WS devices
 Output port

3 Redundant power supply 6 AC power supply no.2

NOTE

For International use, you may need to change the AC line cord. You must use a line cord set that has been approved for the receptacle type in your country.

Port pin-out diagram for the RPS2-EIF power supply

Figure 13 and Table 6 describe the pin-outs for the RPS2-EIF power supply.

FIGURE 13 RPS2-EIF power supply port pinout diagram

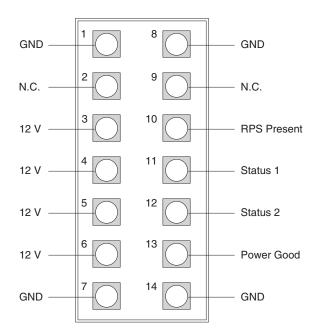


 TABLE 6
 Port pin-out diagram for the RPS2-EIF power supply

Pin	Name	Description
1, 7, 8, 14	GND	Ground connection
2, 9	N.C.	No current
3, 4, 5, 6	12 V	12 volts current
10	RPS Present	Indicates that a redundant power supply is attached and functioning
11, 12	Status 1, Status 2	Status indicator
13	Power Good	Indicates that power is being supplied to the redundant power supply

Port pin-out diagram for the RPS12 power supply

Figure 14 and Table 7 describe the pin-out diagram for the RPS12 power supply.

FIGURE 14 Pin-out diagram for the RPS12 power supply.

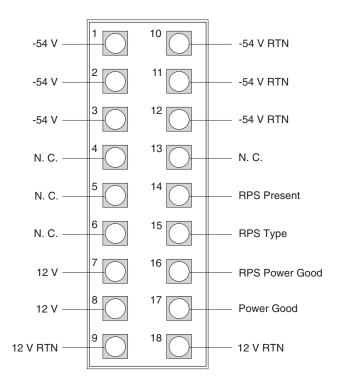


TABLE 7 Port pin-out diagram for the RPS12 power supply

Pin	Name	Description
PIII	Name	Description
1, 2, 3	-54 V	-54 volts connection
4, 5, 6, 13	N.C.	No connection
7, 8	12 V	12 volts connection
9, 18	12 V RTN	12 volts return connection
10, 11, 12	-54 V RTN	-54 volts return connection
14	RPS Present	Indicates that a redundant power supply is attached and functioning
15	RPS Type	Indicates either load-sharing or redundant mode
16	RPS Power Good	Indicates that power is being supplied to the redundant power supply
17	Power Good	Connected device internal power supply status

Activating power to the device

After you complete the physical installation, you can activate power to the device.

Installing FWS624 and FWS648 Models

Verifying proper operation

- 1. Remove the power cord from the shipping package.
- 2. Attach the AC power cable to the AC connector on the rear panel.
- 3. Insert the power cable plug into a 115V/120V outlet.

NOTE

To turn the system off, simply unplug the power cord or cords.

NOTE

The socket should be installed near the equipment and should be easily accessible.

NOTE

If the outlet is not rated 115/120V, stop and get the appropriate cable for the outlet.

Verifying proper operation

After you have installed a redundant power supply, verify that the device is working properly by plugging it into a power source and verifying that it passes the self test.

- 1. Connect the power cord supplied with the device to the power connector on the power supply on the rear of the device.
- 2. Insert the other end into a properly grounded electrical outlet.

NOTE

Fastlron devices do not have power switches. They power on when you connect a power cord to the device and to a power source.

If your installation requires a different power cord than that supplied with the device, make sure you use a power cord that displays the mark of the safety agency that defines the regulations for power cords in your country. The mark is your assurance that the power cord can be used safely with the device.

- 3. Verify that the LED for the power supply is green.
- 4. Verify proper operation by observing the LEDs.

LEDs for linked ports will come on during the boot process, then all LEDs will go off. Once the boot sequence is complete, LEDs for linked ports will again come on.

For more details on specific LED conditions after system start-up, refer to the section, "LEDs" on page 26.

Attaching a PC or terminal

To assign an IP address, you must have access to the text-based command line interface (CLI). The CLI is described in detail in the <Italic>FastIron Configuration Guide. You can access the CLI by attaching a serial cable to the Console port. After you assign an IP address, you can access the system through Telnet, the Web Management Interface, or IronView Network Manager.

Attach a management station using the serial port.

1. Connect a PC or terminal to the serial port using a straight-through cable. The serial port has a male DB-9 connector.

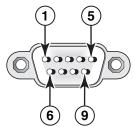
NOTE

You will need to run a terminal emulation program on the PC.

- 2. Open the terminal emulation program and set the session parameters as follows:
 - Baud: 9600 bps
 - Data bits: 8
 - Parity: None
 - Stop bits: 1
 - Flow control: None

The serial communication port acts as a management connection point for a PC or SNMP workstation. Brocade devices have a standard male DB-9 connector, shown in Figure 15.

FIGURE 15 Serial port (DB-9 DTE) pin-out



Most PC serial ports also require a cable with a female DB-9 connector. Terminal connections will vary, requiring either a DB-9 or DB-25 connector, male or female. Serial cable options between a Brocade device and a PC or terminal are shown in Table 8.

TABLE 8 Serial cable wiring map

9-pin serial port on device	Null modem	9-pin DTE port on PC
2 TXD (transmit data)	>	2 RXD (receive data)
3 RXD (receive data)	<	3 TXD (transmit data)
5 SGND (signal ground)	<	5 SGND (signal ground)
No other pins are used.		

NOTE

As indicated in Table 8, some of the wires should not be connected.

Installing FWS624 and FWS648 Models Attaching a PC or terminal

Connecting Network Devices and Checking Connectivity

Assigning permanent passwords



The procedures in this manual are for qualified service personnel.

By default, the CLI is not protected by passwords. To secure CLI access, Brocade strongly recommends assigning passwords. Refer to the <Italic>FastIron Configuration Guide.

NOTE

You cannot assign a password using the Web Management Interface. You can assign passwords using IronView Network Manager if an enable password for a Super User has been configured on the device.

The CLI contains the following access levels:

- User EXEC The level you enter when you first start a CLI session. At this level, you can view some system information but you cannot configure system or port parameters.
- **Privileged EXEC** This level is also called the Enable level and can be secured by a password. You can perform tasks such as manage files on the flash module, save the system configuration to flash, and clear caches at this level.
- CONFIG The configuration level. This level lets you configure the system IP address and configure switching and routing
 features. To access the CONFIG mode, you must already be logged into the Privileged level of the EXEC mode.

You can set the following levels of Enable passwords:

• Super User – Allows complete read-and-write access to the system. This is generally for system administrators and is the only password level that allows you to configure passwords.

NOTE

You must set a super user password before you can set other types of passwords.

- Port Configuration Allows read-and-write access for specific ports but not for global (system-wide) parameters.
- Read Only Allows access to the Privileged EXEC mode and CONFIG mode but only with read access.

Set passwords.

1. At the opening CLI prompt, enter the following command to change to the Privileged level of the EXEC mode.

Brocade>enable

2. Access the CONFIG level of the CLI by entering the following command.

Brocade# configure terminal
Brocade(config)#

3. Enter the following command to set the super-user password.

Brocade(config)# enable super-user-password <text>

Connecting Network Devices and Checking Connectivity

Configuring IP addresses

NOTE

You must set the super-user password before you can set other types of passwords.

4. Enter the following commands to set the port configuration and read-only passwords.

```
Brocade(config)# enable port-config-password <text>
Brocade(config)# enable read-only-password <text>
```

NOTE

If you forget your super-user password, refer to "Recovering from a lost password" on page 40.

Syntax: enable super-user-password | read-only-password | port-config-password <text>

Passwords can be up to 32 characters long.

Recovering from a lost password

By default, the CLI does not require passwords. However, if someone has configured a password for the device but the password has been lost, you can regain super-user access to the device using the following procedure.

NOTE

Recovery from a lost password requires direct access to the serial port and a system reset.

Recover from a lost password.

- 1. Start a CLI session over the serial interface to the Brocade device.
- 2. Reboot the device.
- 3. While the system is booting, before the initial system prompt appears, enter **b** to enter the boot monitor mode.
- 4. Enter **no password** at the prompt. (You cannot abbreviate this command.)
- 5. Enter boot system flash primary at the prompt. This command causes the device to bypass the system password check.

After the console prompt reappears, assign a new password.

Configuring IP addresses

You must configure at least one IP address using the serial connection to the CLI before you can manage the system using the other management interfaces.

Brocade devices support both classical IP network masks (Class A, B, and C subnet masks, and so on) and Classless Interdomain Routing (CIDR) network prefix masks:

- To enter a classical network mask, enter the mask in IP address format. For example, enter "209.157.22.99 255.255.255.0" for an IP address with a Class-C subnet mask.
- To enter a prefix number for a network mask, enter a forward slash (/) and the number of bits in the mask immediately after the IP address. For example, enter "209.157.22.99/24" for an IP address that has a network mask with 24 significant ("mask") bits.

By default, the CLI displays network masks in classical IP address format (example: 255.255.25.0). You can change the display to the prefix format. Refer to the <Italic>FastIron Configuration Guide.

Devices running layer 2 software

Configure an IP Address on a device running Layer 2 software.

1. At the opening CLI prompt, enter enable.

Brocade> enable

2. Enter the following command at the Privileged EXEC level prompt (for example, Brocade#), then press **Enter**. This command erases the factory test configuration if still present:

Brocade# erase startup-config



Use the erase startup-config command only for new systems. If you enter this command on a system you have already configured, the command erases the configuration. If you accidentally do erase the configuration on a configured system, enter the write memory command to save the running configuration to the startup-config file.

3. Access the configuration level of the CLI by entering the following command.

Brocade# configure terminal (Privileged EXEC Level)
Brocade(config)# (Global CONFIG Level)

4. Configure the IP address and mask for the switch.

Brocade(config)# ip address 192.22.3.44 255.255.255.0

5. Set a default gateway address for the switch.

Brocade(config)# ip default-gateway 192.22.3.1

NOTE

You do not need to assign a default gateway address for single subnet networks.

Syntax: enable [<password>]
Syntax: configure terminal

Syntax: [no] ip address <ip-addr> <ip-mask>

or

Syntax: [no] ip address <ip-addr>/<mask-bits>

Syntax: ip default-gateway <ip-addr>

Devices running layer 3 software

NOTE

Configuring IP addresses

You can configure an IP address on the following types of Layer 3 switch interfaces:

Ethernet port

Connecting Network Devices and Checking Connectivity

Configuring IP addresses

- Virtual routing interface (also called a Virtual Ethernet or "VE")
- Loopback interface

By default, you can have up to 24 IP addresses on each interface, but you can increase this number to 128 IP addresses.

NOTE

Once you configure a virtual routing interface on a VLAN, you cannot configure Base Layer 3 interface parameters on individual ports in the VLAN. Instead, you must configure the parameters on the virtual routing interface itself.

Brocade devices support both classical IP network masks (Class A, B, and C subnet masks, and so on) and Classless Interdomain Routing (CIDR) network prefix masks:

- To enter a classical network mask, enter the mask in IP address format. For example, enter "209.157.22.99 255.255.255.0" for an IP address with a Class-C subnet mask.
- To enter a prefix network mask, enter a forward slash (/) and the number of bits in the mask immediately after the IP address. For example, enter "209.157.22.99/24" for an IP address that has a network mask with 24 significant bits (ones).

By default, the CLI displays network masks in classical IP address format (example: 255.255.255.0). You can change the display to prefix format.

Assigning an IP address to an Ethernet port

To assign an IP address to port 0/1/1, enter the following commands.

```
Brocade(config)# interface ethernet 0/1/1
Brocade(config-if-0/1/1)# ip address 192.45.6.1 255.255.255.0
```

NOTE

You also can enter the IP address and mask in CIDR format, as follows.

Brocade(config-if-0/1/1)#ip address 192.45.6.1/24

Syntax: [no] ip address <ip-addr> <ip-mask>

Or

Syntax: [no] ip address <ip-addr>/<mask-bits>

Assigning an IP address to a loopback interface

Loopback interfaces are always up, regardless of the states of physical interfaces. You can configure up to eight loopback interfaces.

You can add up to 24 IP addresses to each loopback interface.

To add a loopback interface, enter commands such as those shown in the following example.

```
Brocade(config)# exit
Brocade(config)# int loopback 1
Brocade(config-lbif-1)# ip address 10.0.0.1/24
```

Syntax: interface loopback < num>

The <num> parameter specifies the virtual interface number. You can specify from 1 to the maximum number of virtual interfaces supported on the device. To display the maximum number of virtual interfaces supported on the device, enter the **show default values** command. The maximum is listed in the System Parameters section, in the Current column of the virtual-interface row.

Assigning an IP address to a virtual routing interface

A virtual interface is a logical port associated with a Layer 3 Virtual LAN (VLAN) configured on a Base Layer 3 Switch. You can configure routing parameters on the virtual interface to enable the Layer 3 Switch to route protocol traffic from one Layer 3 VLAN to the other, without using an external router.

This section describes how to configure an IP address on a virtual interface.

NOTE

The switch uses the lowest MAC address on the device (the MAC address of port 1 or 0/1/1) as the MAC address for all ports within all virtual interfaces you configure on the device.

To add a virtual interface to a VLAN and configure an IP address on the interface, enter commands such as the following.

```
Brocade(config)# vlan 2 name IP-Subnet_1.1.2.0/24
Brocade(config-vlan-2)# untag 0/1/1 to 0/1/4
Brocade(config-vlan-2)# router-interface vel
Brocade(config-vlan-2)# interface vel
Brocade(config-vif-1)# ip address 1.1.2.1/24
```

The first two commands in this example create a Layer 3 protocol-based VLAN name "IP-Subnet_1.1.2.0/24" and add a range of untagged ports to the VLAN. The **router-interface** command creates virtual interface 1 as the routing interface for the VLAN. The last two commands change to the interface configuration level for the virtual interface and assign an IP address to the interface.

Syntax: router-interface ve < num>

Syntax: interface ve < num>

Deleting an IP address

To delete an IP address, enter a command such as the following.

```
Brocade(config-if-0/1/1) # no ip address 1.1.2.1
```

This command deletes IP address 1.1.2.1. You do not need to enter the subnet mask.

To delete all IP addresses from an interface, enter the following command.

```
Brocade(config-if-0/1/1) # no ip address *
```

Syntax: no ip address <ip-addr> | *

Connecting network devices

Brocade devices support connections to other vendors' routers, switches, and hubs, as well other Brocade devices.

Connectors

Refer to "Cable length summary table" on page 51.

For port pinouts, refer to the section "Pinouts and signalling" on page 49.

Cable specifications

Refer to "Cable specifications" on page 50 for cable lengths and types.

Connecting to Ethernet or Fast Ethernet Hubs

For copper connections to Ethernet hubs, a 10/100BaseTX or 1000BaseT switch, or another Brocade device, a crossover cable is required (Figure 1 and Figure 2). If the hub is equipped with an uplink port, it will require a straight-through cable instead of a crossover cable.

NOTE

The 802.3ab standard (automatic MDI or MDIX detection) calls for automatic negotiation of the connection between two 1000Base-T ports. Therefore, a crossover cable may not be required; a straight-through cable may work as well. For more information about this feature, refer to the <Italic>FastIron Configuration Guide.

FIGURE 1 UTP crossover cable

EIA/TIA 568B RJ-45 Wiring Standard 10/100BASE-TX Crossover Cable

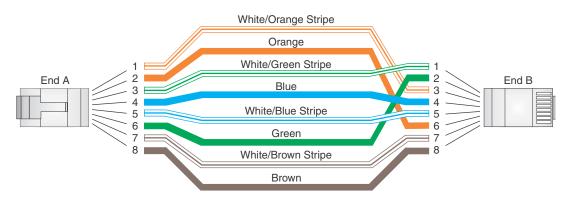
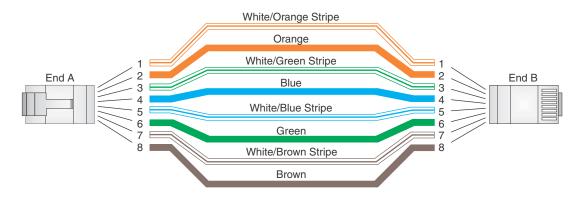


FIGURE 2 Straight-through cable

EIA/TIA 568B RJ-45 Wiring Standard 10/100BASE-TX Straight-through Cable



Connecting to workstations, servers, or routers

Straight-through UTP cabling is required for direct UTP attachment to workstations, servers, or routers using network interface cards (NICs).

Fiber cabling is required for direct attachment to Gigabit NICs or switches and routers through fiber ports. Refer to "Connecting a network device to a fiber port" on page 45.

Automatic MDI or MDIX detection

All 10/100 and Gigabit Ethernet Copper ports on the Brocade FastIron WS devices support automatic Media Dependent Interface (MDI) and Media Dependent Interface Crossover (MDIX) detection. This feature is enabled on all 10/100 and Gigabit copper ports by default. For each port, you can disable auto MDI or MDIX, designate the port as an MDI port, or designate the port as an MDIX port.

For more information about this feature and how configure it, refer to the < Italic>FastIron Configuration Guide.

Connecting a network device to a fiber port

For direct attachment from the Brocade device to a Gigabit NIC, switch, or router, fiber cabling with an LC connector is required.

To connect the Brocade device to another network device using a fiber port, you must do the following:

- Install a fiber optic module (SFP transceiver or mini-GBIC)
- Cable the fiber optic module

The following sections provide information about performing these tasks.

Installing a fiber optic module

You must install a fiber optic module (SFP) in each SFP slot you want to use.

You can install a new fiber optic module in an SFP slot while the FastIron WS CHE1 is powered on and running.

Before installing one of these modules into the slot, have the following on hand.

NOTE

An ESD wrist strap with a plug for connection to a metal surface. For safety reasons, the ESD wrist strap should contain a series 1 megohm resistor.

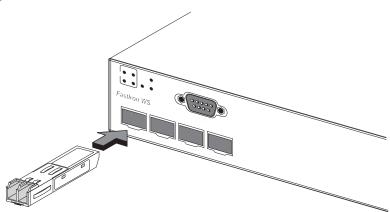


All fiber optic interfaces use Class 1 lasers.

Install a fiber optic module.

- 1. Put on the ESD wrist strap and ground yourself by attaching the clip end to a metal surface (such as an equipment rack) to act as ground.
- 2. Remove the new module from its protective packaging.
- 3. Gently insert the fiber optic module into the slot until the module clicks into place. The module is keyed to prevent incorrect insertion.

FIGURE 3 Installing a fiber optic module



Cabling a fiber optic module

Cable a fiber optic module.

- 1. Remove the protective covering from the fiber-optic port connectors and store the covering for future use.
- 2. Before cabling a fiber optic module, Brocade strongly recommends cleaning the cable connectors and the port connectors. For more information, refer to "Cleaning the fiber-optic connectors" on page 46.
- 3. Gently insert the cable connectors (a tab on each connector should face upward) into the port connectors until the tabs lock into place.
- 4. Observe the link and active LEDs to determine if the network connections are functioning properly. For more information about the LED indicators, refer to Table 1 on page 47.

Cleaning the fiber-optic connectors

To avoid problems with the connection between the fiber optic module (SFP (mini-GBIC)) and the fiber cable connectors, Brocade strongly recommends cleaning both connectors each time you disconnect and reconnect them. In particular, dust can accumulate in the connectors and cause problems such as reducing the optic launch power.

To clean the fiber cable connectors, Brocade recommends using the fiber-optic reel-type cleaner that shipped with your FastIron WS CHE1. You can also purchase this type of cleaner from the following Web site:

http://www.fisfiber.com/Home_Page.asp

When not using an SFP connector, make sure to keep the protective covering on.

Testing connectivity

You can observe the LEDs related to network connection.

Pinging an IP address

To verify that a FastIron WS device can reach another device through the network, enter a command such as the following at any level of the CLI on the Brocade device:

Brocade>ping 192.33.4.7

Syntax: ping <ip addr> | <hostname> [source <ip addr>] [count <num>] [timeout <msec>] [ttl <num>] [size <byte>] [quiet] [numeric] [no-fragment] [verify] [data <1-to-4 byte hex>] [brief]

NOTE

If you send the ping to the IP broadcast address, the device lists the first four responses to the ping.

Observing LEDs

After you install the network cables, you can observe certain LEDs to determine if the network connections are functioning properly. Table 1 outlines the LEDs related to the network connections, the desired state of each LED, possible abnormal states of each LED, and what to do if an LED indicates an abnormal state.

TABLE 1 Network connection-related LED states

LED	Desired state	Meaning	Abnormal state	Meaning or action
Link (1-24/48) SFP (1-4)	On (Green)	A link is established with the remote port.	Off	A link is not established with the remote port. You can do the following:
				 Verify that the connection to the other network device has been properly made. Also, make certain that the other network device is powered on and operating correctly. Verify that the transmit port on the Brocade device is connected to the receive port on the other network device, and that the receive port on the Brocade device is connected to the transmit port on the other network device. If you are not certain, remove the two cable connectors from the port connector and reinsert them in the port connector, reversing their order. Dust may have accumulated in the cable connector or port connector. For information about cleaning the connectors, refer to "Cleaning the fiber-optic connectors" on page 46. If the other actions do not resolve the problem, try using a different port or a different cable.
Active (1-24/48)	On or blinking (Yellow)	The port is transmitting and receiving user	Off for an extended	The port is not transmitting or receiving user packets. You can do the following:
SFP (1-4)		packets.	period.	 Check the Link LED to make sure the link is still established with the remote port. If not, take the actions described in the Meaning or Action column for the Link LED. Verify that the port has not been disabled through a configuration change. You can use the CLI. If you have configured an IP address on the device, you also can use the Web management interface or IronView Network Manager.

If a problem persists after taking these actions, contact Brocade Technical Support.

Tracing a route

To determine the path through which a Brocade device can reach another device, enter a command such as the following at any level of the CLI on the Brocade device.

Brocade>traceroute 192.33.4.7

Connecting Network Devices and Checking Connectivity

Troubleshooting network connections

Syntax: traceroute <host-ip-addr> [maxttl <value>] [minttl <value>] [numeric] [timeout <value>] [source-ip <ip addr>]

The CLI displays trace route information for each hop as soon as the information is received. Traceroute requests display all responses to a given TTL. In addition, if there are multiple equal-cost routes to the destination, the Brocade device displays up to two responses by default.

Troubleshooting network connections

Follow these guidelines when troubleshooting your network connections:

- For the indicated port, verify that both ends of the cabling (at the Brocade device and the connected device) are snug.
- Verify that the Brocade device and the connected device are both powered on and operating correctly.
- Verify that you have used the correct cable type for the connection:
 - For twisted-pair connections to an end node, use straight-through cabling.
 - For fiber-optic connections, verify that the transmit port on the device is connected to the receive port on the connected device, and that the receive port on the device is connected to the transmit port on the connected device.
- Verify that the port has not been disabled through a configuration change. You can use the CLI. If you have configured an IP
 address on the device, you also can use the Web management interface or IronView Network Manager.
- If the other procedures do not resolve the problem, try using a different port or a different cable.

Using Virtual Cable Testing to diagnose a cable

FastIron WS devices support Virtual Cable Test (VCT) technology. VCT technology enables you to diagnose a conductor (wire or cable) by sending a pulsed signal into the conductor, then examining the reflection of that pulse. This method of cable analysis is referred to as Time Domain Reflectometry (TDR). By examining the reflection, the Brocade device can detect and report cable statistics such as local and remote link pair, cable length, and link status.

Configuration notes

Refer to these configuration notes when troubleshooting network connections:

- This feature is supported on copper ports only. It is not supported on fiber ports.
- The port to which the cable is connected must be enabled when you issue the command to diagnose the cable. If the port is disabled, the command is rejected.
- If the port is operating at 100 Mbps half-duplex, the TDR test on one pair will fail.
- If the remote pair is set to forced 100 Mbps, any change in MDI or MDIX may cause the device to interpret the Multilevel Threshold-3 (MLT-3) as a reflected pulse, in which case, the device will report a faulty condition. In this case, Brocade recommends that you run the TDR test a few times for accurate results.

Command syntax

To diagnose a cable using TDR, enter a command such as the following at the Privileged EXEC level of the CLI.

Brocade#phy cable-diag tdr 0/1/1

The above command diagnoses the cable attached to port 0/1/1.

Syntax: phy cable-diag tdr <port-num>

Viewing the results of the cable analysis

To display the results of the cable analysis, enter a command such as the following at the Privileged EXEC level of the CLI.

Brocade#show cable-diag tdr 0/1/1 Port Speed Local pair Pair Length Remote pair Pair status 0/1/1 1000M Pair A <50M Pair B Terminated Pair B <50M Pair A Terminated Pair C <50M Pair D Terminated Pair D <50M Pair C Terminated

Syntax: show cable-diag tdr <port-num>

Table 2 defines the fields shown in the command output.

TABLE 2 Cable statistics

This line	Displays			
Port	The port that was tested.			
Speed	The port's current line speed.			
Local pair	The local link name.			
Pair Length	The cable length when terminated, or the distance to the point of fault when the line is not up.			
Remote pair	The remote link name.			
Pair status	The status of the link. This field displays one of the following: Terminated: The link is up. Shorted: A short is detected in the cable. Open: An opening is detected in the cable. ImpedMis: The impedance is mismatched. Failed: The TDR test failed.			

Digital Optical Monitoring

You can configure your FWS to monitor optical transceivers in the system, either globally or by specified port. When this feature is enabled, the system monitors the temperature and signal power levels for the optical transceivers in the specified ports. Console messages and syslog messages are sent when optical operating conditions fall below or rise above the SFP manufacturer's recommended thresholds. For more information about digital optical monitoring, refer to the <Italic>FastIron Configuration Guide

Connecting Network Devices and Checking Connectivity Troubleshooting network connections

Managing the FastIron WS Hardware

Managing FastIron WS temperature settings



The procedures in this manual are for qualified service personnel.

This section describes how to display temperature settings on the device and how to change the temperature warning and shutdown levels.

Using the temperature sensor on the device

The device comes with three built-in temperature sensors, located on the main board of the device. The temperature sensors cause the device to generate a Syslog message and SNMP trap if the temperature exceeds a specified warning level or shutdown level. If the device's temperature exceeds the safe threshold (shutdown level), the device will reboot.

The software reads the temperature sensors according to the device poll time, which is 60 seconds by default. If the temperature equals or exceeds the shutdown temperature for five consecutive polls of the temperature by the software, the software will reboot the device to prevent damage.

You can use the CLI or Web Management Interface to perform the following tasks:

- Display the temperature of the device
- Change the warning and shutdown temperature levels
- Change the device poll time

Displaying the temperature on the FastIron WS

By default, the software polls the temperature sensor every 60 seconds to get the current temperature. This poll rate is controlled by the device poll time, which also controls how often the software polls other system components.

To display the temperature of a device, enter the following command at any level of the CLI.

Managing the FastIron WS Hardware

Managing FastIron WS temperature settings

```
Brocade# show chassis
 chassis
                        Power supply/fan/temperature
Brocade# show chassis
Power supply 1 (NA - AC - Regular) present, status ok Power supply 2 not present
Fan 1 ok, speed (auto): [[1]]<->2<->3
Fan 2 ok, speed (auto): [[1]]<->2<->3
Fan controlled temperature: 50.5 deg-C
Fan speed switching temperature thresholds:
                                           ue5
deg-C
               Speed 1: NM<---->53
               Speed 2: 37<---->55
               Speed 3:
                                  50<----> 90 deg-C (shutdown)
Sensor B Temperature Readings:
       Current temperature : 50.5 deg-C
       Warning level.....: 55.0 deg-C
       Shutdown level....: 90.0 deq-C Sensor A Temperature Readings:
       Current temperature: 42.0 deg-C Boot Prom MAC: 001b.ed7e.7040 Management
MAC: 001b.ed7e.7040 Brocade#tempera
 temperature
                    temperature sensor commands
Brocade#temperature war
 warning Temperature at which the module sends a warning
Brocade#temperature warning 40
Brocade#
!!! Temperature is over warning level !!!
SYSLOG: <9>Jan 1 00:00:00 FWS648G Router System: Temperature 50.0 C degrees,
warning level 40.0 C degrees, shutdown level 90.0 C degrees
SYSLOG: <12>Jan 1 00:00:00 FWS648G Router System: Temperature is over warning
Brocade#temper
                    temperature sensor commands
 temperature
Brocade# temperature shut 45
```

Syntax: show chassis

Displaying Syslog messages for temperature on the FastIron WS

The software sends a Syslog message and an SNMP trap if the temperature crosses the warning or shutdown thresholds. The following methods describe how to view the system log on the device. If you have configured the device to use a Syslog server or SNMP trap receiver, refer to the documentation for the server or receiver.

To display the system log, enter the following command at any CLI level.

```
Brocade#show log
Syslog logging: enabled (0 messages dropped, 0 flushes, 0 overruns)
Buffer logging: level ACDMEINW, 8 messages logged
level code: A=alert C=critical D=debugging M=emergency E=error
I=informational N=notification W=warning

Static Log Buffer:

Dynamic Log Buffer (50 entries):

at 0 days 0 hours 2 minutes 0 seconds, level alert

Temperature 48.0 C degrees, warning level 45.0 C degrees, shutdown level 55.0 C degrees

at 0 days 0 hours 1 minutes 0 seconds, level alert

Temperature 40.0 C degrees, warning level 35.0 C degrees, shutdown level 45.0 C degrees
```

Changing the temperature warning and shutdown levels

To change the temperature at which the device sends a warning, enter a command such as the following at the Privileged EXEC level of the CLI.

Brocade#temperature warning 47

Syntax: temperature warning <value>

The <value> can be 0 - 125.

To change the shutdown temperature, enter a command such as the following at Privileged EXEC level of the CLI.

Brocade#temperature shutdown 57

Syntax: temperature shutdown <value>

The <value> can be 0 - 125.

Changing the warning temperature threshold

You can change the warning temperature using the following command. The valid range is 0 - 125°C.

The FastIron WS devices will automatically reset and reload the software when the internal temperature reaches or exceeds the configured shutdown level for five minutes. This release also adds the capability for the system to register negative temperature settings.

To change the temperature at which the device sends a warning, enter a command such as the following at the Privileged EXEC level of the CLI.

Brocade#temperature warning 47

Syntax: temperature warning <value>

The <value> can be 0 - 125.

Changing the temperature polling interval

The software reads the temperature sensor and polls other hardware sensors according to the value set for the poll time, which is 60 seconds by default. You can change the poll time using the CLI.

Managing the FastIron WS Hardware

Displaying CPU usage

To change the poll time, enter a command such as the following at the global CONFIG level of the CLI.

Brocade(config) #chassis poll-time 200

Syntax: chassis poll-time <value>

The <value> can be 0 - 65535.

Removing MAC address entries

You can remove the following learned MAC address entries from the system MAC address table:

- All MAC address entries
- All MAC address entries for a specified Ethernet port
- All MAC address entries for a specified VLAN
- A specified MAC address entry in all VLANs

For example, to remove entries for the MAC address 000d.cb80.00d in all VLANs, enter the following command at the Privileged EXEC level of the CLI.

Brocade#clear mac-address 000d.cb80.00d0

Syntax: clear mac-address < mac-address > | ethernet < port-num > | vlan < number >

If you enter the clear mac-address command without any parameters, the software removes all MAC entries.

Use the <mac-address> parameter to remove a specified MAC address from all VLANs. Specify the MAC address in the following format: HHHH.HHHHH.

Use the ethernet <port-num> parameter to remove all MAC addresses for a specified Ethernet port.

Use the vlan <number> parameter to remove all MAC addresses for a specified VLAN.

Displaying CPU usage

You can display the amount of the CHE1 CPU in use. To do so, enter the following command at any level of the CLI.

```
Brocade#show cpu
31 percent busy, from 3248 sec ago
1 sec avg: 10 percent busy
5 sec avg: 10 percent busy
60 sec avg: 10 percent busy
300 sec avg: 10 percent busy
```

Syntax: show cpu

Hardware maintenance schedule

The device requires minimal maintenance for its hardware components. Brocade recommends cleaning the fiber-optic connectors on a fiber-optic port and the connected fiber cable each time you disconnect the cable.

Otherwise, you can replace the following hardware components as needed:

• Copper and fiber optic modules (SFPs (mini-GBICs))

Replacing a fiber optic module

You can remove an SFP from a slot and replace it with a new one while the FWS624 is powered on and running.

This section provides information about the following tasks:

- Removing a fiber optic module
- Installing a new fiber optic module
- Cabling a fiber optic module

Removing a fiber optic module

You can remove a fiber SFP (also called a mini-GBIC) from a slot while the device is powered on and running.

Before removing a fiber optic module, have the following on hand:

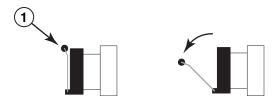
• An ESD wrist strap with a plug for connection to the ESD connector on the device.



For safety reasons, the ESD wrist strap should contain a series 1 meg ohm resistor.

Remove a fiber optic module from an SFP slot.

- 1. Put on the ESD wrist strap and ground yourself by attaching the clip end to a metal surface (such as an equipment rack).
- 2. Disconnect the fiber cable connector from the port connector.
- 3. Pull the fiber optic module out of the port by pulling the bail latch forward, away from the front panel of the module. This unlocks the module from the front panel.

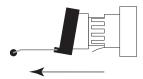


1 Bail latch

NOTE

The bail latch may be attached to either the top or the bottom of the mini-GBIC.

4. Grasping the bail latch, pull the fiber optic module out of the port.



5. Store the fiber optic module in a safe, static-free place or in an anti-static bag.

Managing the FastIron WS Hardware

Cabling a fiber optic module

6. Install a new fiber optic module in the port. For information about performing this task, refer to "Installing a new fiber optic module".

Installing a new fiber optic module

For instruction on installing a fiber optic module refer to "Installing a fiber optic module" on page 45.

Cabling a fiber optic module

For instruction on cabling a fiber optic module refer to "Cabling a fiber optic module" on page 46.

Cleaning the fiber-optic connectors

For instruction on cleaning a fiber optic module refer to "Cleaning the fiber-optic connectors" on page 46.

Hardware Specifications

Hardware specifications for FastIron WS models

Physical dimensions and weight

The following sections list the physical dimensions and weight for the FastIron WS family of switches and redundant power supplies.

FastIron WS family of switches

The following tables list the physical dimensions and weight for the FastIron WS family of switches.

TABLE 1 Physical dimensions and weight of the FWS624, FWS624G

Platform	Height	Width	Depth	Weight
FWS624,	4.34 cm	44 cm	35 cm	• 4.1 kg(9 lbs)
FWS624G	1.7 in	17.32 in	13.78 in	

TABLE 2 Physical dimensions and weight of the FWS648, FWS648G

Platform	Height	Width	Depth	Weight
FWS648, FWS648G	4.34 cm 1.7 in	44 cm 17.32 in	35 cm 13.78 in	• 4.5 kg (10.8 lbs)

TABLE 3 Physical dimensions and weight of the FWS624-PoE, FWS624G-PoE

Platform	Height	Width	Depth	Weight
FWS624-PoE,	4.34 cm	44 cm	35 cm	• 4.9 kg (10.8 lbs)
FWS624G-PoE	1.7 in	17.32 in	13.78 in	

TABLE 4 Physical dimensions and weight of the FWS648-PoE, FWS648G-PoE

Platform	Height	Width	Depth	Weight
FWS648-PoE,	4.34 cm	44 cm	35 cm	• 5.3 kg (11.7 lbs)
FWS648G-PoE	1.7 in	17.32 in	13.78 in	

Redundant power supplies

The following tables list the physical dimensions and weight for the redundant power supplies.

Table 5 lists the physical dimensions and weight of the RPS2-EIF Redudant Power Supply.

TABLE 5 Physical dimensions and weight of the RPS2-EIF power supply

Power supply	Height	Width	Depth	Weight
RPS2-EIF	4.3 cm 1.69 in	44 cm 17.32 in	28.4 cm 11.18 in	• 5.5kg (12.13 lbs.)

Table 6 lists the physical dimensions and weight of the RPS12 External Redundant Power Supply.

Hardware Specifications

Hardware specifications for FastIron WS models

TABLE 6 Physical dimensions and weight of the RPS12 power supply

Power supply	Height	Width	Depth	Weight
RPS12	4.3 cm 1.69 in	44 cm 17.32 in	32.3 cm 12.71 in	• 5.48kg (12.08 lbs.)

Environmental considerations

For optimal performance, operate or store your Brocade device in compliance with the following environmental conditions.

Operating environment

Table 7 provides the operating environment specifications for the FastIron WS.

 TABLE 7
 Operating environment

, ,	Relative humidity	Operating altitude	
0° - 40° C (32° - 104° F)	40° C (5 to 95%, @ 104.9°F), non-condensing	0 - 2000 meters (0 - 6,600 ft)	

- Maximum BTUs:
 - FWS624 and FWS648: 100 watts (340 BTU/Hr) per power supply

Storage environment

Table 8 provides the storage environment specifications for the FastIron WS.

TABLE 8 Storage environment

Storage temperature	Storage humidity	Storage altitude
-40° to 70° C, -40° to 158° F	95% maximum, non-condensing	3,000 meter (10,000 feet) maximum

Cooling system and fans

The cooling fans cool the CPU, main memory, and voltage regulators. The fans use either a push or pull configuration to move the air from the right side of the device to the left side of the device:

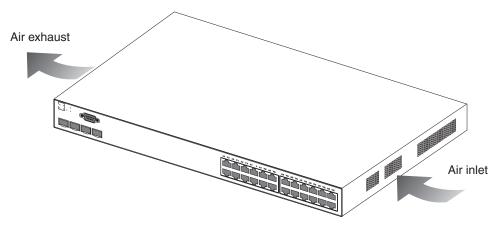
- Total cooling capacity: 80 to 100 watts
- Total air flow: 200 LFM
- Operating noise: < 50 dB-A (non-POE models)
- Operating noise: < 55 dB-A (POE models)

NOTE

Operating noise is based on the ISO 7779 standard.

The following figure shows the airflow.

FIGURE 1 FastIron WS FWS624 airflow



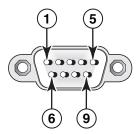
For a complete list of Regulatory Compliances refer to "Russia" on page 56

Pinouts and signalling

This section lists the pinouts for the DB-9 connector and RJ-45 port jacks.

Serial (console) port pinouts

The Console port is a standard male DB-9 connector, as shown in the following figure



Most PC serial ports require a cable with a female DB-9 connector. However, terminal connections will vary, requiring a cable with either a DB-9 or DB-25 connector, male or female.

Serial cable options between the FastIron WS and a PC or terminal are shown in Figure 2.

NOTE

As indicated in Figure 2 and Figure 3, some of the wires should not be connected. If you do connect the wires that are labeled "Reserved", you might get unexpected results with some terminals.

FIGURE 2 Console port pin assignments showing cable connection options to a terminal or PC

DB-9 to DB-9 Female Switch		Terminal or PC	DB-9 to DB-25 Female Switch		Terminal or PC
1	Reserved	1	1	Reserved	8
2 —		2	2 —		3
3 ◀		3	3 ◀		2
4	Reserved	4	4	Reserved	20
5 ——		5	5 ——		 7
6	Reserved	6	6	Reserved	6
7		 7	7		 4
8 ——		→ 8	8 ——		— 5
9	Reserved	9	9	Reserved	22

FIGURE 3 Pin assignment and signalling for 10/100BaseTX and 1000BaseT ports

		10BaseT		100BaseTX	and 1000BaseT
	Pin Assignment		MDI-X ports	Pin Number	MDI-X ports
		1	RD+	1	RD+
		2	RD-	2	RD-
8—	1	3	TD+	3	TD+
O		4	Not used	4	CMT
		5	Not used	5	CMT
		6	TD-	6	TD-
1—	 	7	Not used	7	CMT
		8	Not used	8	CMT

Cable specifications

Table 9 lists the cable specifications for the cables used with the 10/100 Ethernet ports.

NOTE

Cable installation and network configuration will affect overall transmission capability. The numbers provided below represent the accepted recommendations of the various standards. For network-specific recommendations, consult your local Brocade reseller or system engineer.

 TABLE 9
 Cable length summary table

	Cable type	Connector type	Core diameter (microns)	Modal bandwidth (MHz*km) or wavelength (nm)	Range (meters)
1000Base-BX-D	Single-mode Fiber (SMF)	LC connector for SFP module	9	1490 nm	2 - 10000 (10km)
1000Base-BX-U	SMF	LC connector for SFP module	9	1310 nm	2 - 10000 (10km)

 TABLE 9
 Cable length summary table (Continued)

	Cable type	Connector type	Core diameter (microns)	Modal bandwidth (MHz*km) or wavelength (nm)	Range (meters)
1000Base-LHA	SMF	LC connector for SFP module	9	1550 nm	2 - 70000 (70km)
1000Base-LHB	SMF	LC connector for SFP module	9	1550 nm	2 - 120000 (120km)
1000Base-LX	Multi-mode Fiber (MMF)	LC connector for SFP module	62.5	500	2 - 550
	MMF		50	400	2 - 550
	MMF		50	500	2 - 550
	SMF		9	1300 nm	2 - 10000
1000Base-SX	MMF	LC connector for SFP	62.5/125	200	.5 - 275
	MMF	module	62.5/125	500	.5 - 550
	MMF	-	50/125	900	.5 - 595
	MMF		50/125	1500	.5 - 740
	MMF		50/125	2000	.5 - 860
1000Base-SX 2	MMF	LC connector for SFP module	62.5	500	up to 2000 (2 km)
1000Base-T	Copper	RJ-45 jack for standard unshielded twisted pair (UTP or Category 5)	n/a	n/a	up to 100 meters
100Base-BX 100Bse-BX-D	SMF	LC connector for SFP module	9	1310/1490	10000 (10 km)
100Base-FX	MMF	LC connector for SFP module	62.5	500	up to 2000 (2 km)
100Base-FX-IR	MMF	SC	62.5	125	2 km (1.24 miles)
100Base-FX-LR	SMF	SC	9	125	20 km (12.43 miles)
100Base-TX	Copper	RJ-45 jack for standard unshielded twisted pair (UTP or Category 5)	n/a	n/a	up to 100 meters
10Base-TX	Copper	RJ-45 jack for standard unshielded twisted pair (UTP or Category 5)	n/a	n/a	up to 100 meters

Power cords

All of the FastIron WS devices ship with US-compatible power cords unless otherwise specified at the time of order. United Kingdom-and European-compatible power cords are also available.

AC power supply specifications

The FastIron WS switches include an integrated AC power supply:

- standard IEC type (IEC320) input connector
- operating 90 VAC to 264 VAC input, universal/wide input

Specifications

TABLE 10 Specifications for AC power

Property	FWS624, FWS624G	FWS648, FWS648G	FWS624-PoE, FWS624G-PoE	FWS648-PoE, FWS648G-PoE
Input voltage range	100 - 240 VAC	100 - 240 VAC	100 - 240 VAC	100 - 240 VAC
Input current	< 2 Amps	< 2 Amps	< 10 Amps	< 10 Amps
Inrush current	< 60 Amps peak maximum	< 60 Amps peak maximum	< 75 Amps peak maximum	< 75 Amps peak maximum
Power consumption	31 W	63 W	MB: 41 W	MB: 73 W
			POE: < 410 W	POE: < 410 W
Max output power	65 W	100 W	530 W	530 W

Power specifications for POE

The implementation of the 802.3af standard limits power to 15.4W (44V to 57V) from the power sourcing device. This limit complies with safety standards and existing wiring limitations. Though limited by the 802.3af standard, 15.4 watts of power is ample, as most powered devices consume an average of 5 to 12 watts of power. IP phones, wireless LAN access points, and network surveillance cameras each consume an average of 3.5 to 9 watts of power.

Brocade 48-volt power supplies provide power to the POE daughter card, and ultimately to POE power-consuming devices. The number of POE power-consuming devices that one 48-volt power supply can support depends on the number of watts required by each device. Each 48-volt power supply provides 410 watts of power for POE, and each POE port supports a maximum of 15.4 watts of power per POE power-consuming device. For example, if each POE power-consuming device attached to the FWS consumes 12 watts of power, one 48-volt supply will power up to 34 POE ports.

If your FastIron WS chassis has 48 ports, and each POE-enabled port needs 15.4 watts, then a maximum of 26 ports can supply power to connected devices.

For power supply specifications, refer to "AC power supply specifications" on page 62. For POE configuration procedures, refer to the FastIron">talic>FastIron Configuration Guide.

Troubleshooting

Diagnosing switch indicators

TABLE 1 Troubleshooting chart

Symptom	Action
Power LED is Off	 Internal power supply is disconnected. Check connections between the switch, the power cord, and the wall outlet. Contact Technical Support.
Power LED is Amber	Internal power supply has failed. Contact Technical Support.
Diag LED is Amber	 The switch's self test has detected a fault. Power cycle the switch to try and clear the condition. If the condition persists, contact Technical Support.
Link LED is Off	 Verify that the switch and attached device are powered on. Be sure the cable is plugged into both the switch and corresponding device. Verify that the proper cable type is used and its length does not exceed specified limits. Check the adapter on the attached device and cable connections for possible defects. Replace the defective adapter or cable if necessary.
(RPS2-EIF and RPS12) Link LED is Off	 The port does not have a valid connection to the switch. Check connections between the switch, the power cord, and the wall outlet.
(RPS2-EIF and RPS12) Link LED is Amber	Primary power supply is active. RPS is on standby.
(RPS2-EIF and RPS12) Activity LED is Green	Primary power supply is off. RPS is now active

Power and cooling problems

If the power indicator does not turn on when the power cord is plugged in, you may have a problem with the power outlet, power cord, or internal power supply. However, if the unit powers off after running for a while, check for loose power connections, power losses or surges at the power outlet, and verify that the fans on the unit are unobstructed and running prior to shutdown. If you still cannot isolate the problem, then the internal power supply may be defective. In this case, contact Technical Support for assistance.

Installation

Verify that all system components have been properly installed. If one or more components appear to be malfunctioning (such as the power cord or network cabling), test them in an alternate environment where you are sure that all the other components are functioning properly.

In-band access

You can access the management agent in the switch from anywhere within the attached network using Telnet, a Web browser, or other network management software. However, you must first configure the switch with a valid IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway. If you have trouble establishing a link to the management agent, check to see if you have a valid network connection. Then verify that you entered the correct IP address. Also, be sure the port through which you are connecting to the switch has not been disabled. If it has not been disabled, then check the network cabling that runs between your remote location and the switch.

Troubleshooting

Diagnosing switch indicators

Regulatory Statements

USA (FCC CFR 47 part 15 warning)

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.



Changes or modifications made to this device which are not expressly approved by Brocade could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Industry Canada statement

Cet appareil numérique de la classe A est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

English Translation of above statement

This Class A digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Europe and Australia (CISPR 22 class A warning)

This is a Class A product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

Japan (VCCI)

この装置は、情報処理装置等電波障害自主規制協議会(VCCI)の基準に基づくクラスA情報技術装置です。この装置を家庭環境で使用すると電波妨害を引き起こすことがあります。この場合には使用者が適切な対策を講ずるよう要求されることがあります。

English translation of above statement

This is Class A product based on the standard of the Voluntary Control Council For Interference by Information Technology Equipment (VCCI). If this equipment is used in a domestic environment, radio disturbance may arise. When such trouble occurs, the user may be required to take corrective actions.

Japan power cord



注意 - 添付の電源コードを他の装置や用途に 使用しない

添付の電源コードは本装置に接続し、使用することを目的として設計され、その安全性が確認されているものです。決して他の装置や用途に使用しないでください。火災や感電の原因となる恐れがあります。

English translation of above statement

ATTENTION: Never use the power cord packed with your equipment for other products.

Korea

이 기기는 A급 기기로서, 업무용으로 전자파 적합 등록을 한 기기이오니 판재자 또는 사용자는 이 점을 유의하시기 바라며, 만약 잘못 판매 또는 구입하였을 경우에는 가정 용으로 교환하시기 바랍니다.

English Translation of Above Statement

This apparatus has radio wave acceptability registration as a Class A device, so sellers or users should be aware of this. If it is sold or purchased incorrectly, it should be exchanged with a home apparatus (Class B).

Russia

Сертификат Соответствия в "Системе сертификации в области связи" № ОС-2-СПД-0560, срок действия: с 29 октября 2009 г. до 29 октября 2012 г.

English translation of above statement

Certificate of Conformity in "Certification System in the field of telecommunications" # ??-2-???-0560, validity from the 29 of October 2009 to the 29 of October 2012.

China



China-CCC Warning statements

在维修的时候一定要断开所有电源 (English translation"disconnect all power sources before service")



For non tropical use:

	汉文	"仅适用于非热带气候条件下安全使用。"
安全	藏文	«अन्नेम्मूजर्र क्र्सनर ६ क्क्सि भमुजर भांसामज्य जर्र ज़्सविज्ञार वज्जर अमुजरेवर तस्त्रोत्तव वर्ष मेर वज्तरस्तरी अ
说明和标	蒙古文	"ૹ૽૽ઌ૽૽૱ૡ૽ૺ૱૽૽ૢ૿૱૽૽ૡૹ૱૽૽ઌૢૺૹૹ૽૽ૡ૽૱ઌ૽ૢ૱૱ૡ૽૱૱૽ૢ૽૱૱ઌ૽૽૱૱૽ૺ૱૱ૡૡૢૹૺૢૺૺૺૺૺ૿
记	壮文	Dan hab yungh youq gij dienheiq diuzgen mbouj dwg diegndat
,,,		haenx ancienz sawjyungh.
	维文	غەيرى ئىسسىق بەلباغ ھاۋا كىلىماتى شارائىتىدىلا بىخەتەر ئىشلەتكىلى بولىدۇ



For altitude 2000 meter and below:

^	汉文	仅适用于海拔2000m以下地区安全使用。
	藏文	《2000m १२४ वन्त्रानमार १६८४ हन्य वनर शुननार १०५०४ हन ११५०५८९ ८६४ तेन वन्तर १५००००० १५००००००००००००००००००००००००००००
安全 说明 和标	蒙古 文	"कुः अर्ह्मते : देवा वाका अर्हा हर्द - क्षेत्र २००० अवः क्षेत्र का तिवा क्षित्र क्षेत्र - क्षेत्
记	壮文	Dan hab yungh youq gij digih haijbaz 2000m doxroengz haenx ancienz sawiyungh.
	维文	دېڭىز يۈزىدىن 2000 مېتر تۆۋەن رايونلاردىلا بىخەتەر ئىشلەتكىلى بولىدۇ

Warning for Class A:

此为 A 级产品,在生活环境中,该产品可能会造成无线电干扰。在这

种情况下,可能需要用户对其干扰采取切实可行的措施。

English translation of above statement

This is a Class A product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

BSMI statement (Taiwan)

BSMI statement (Taiwan)

警告使用者:

這是甲類的資訊產品,在居住的環境中使用時,可能會造成射頻干擾, 在這種情況下,使用者會被要求採取某些適當的對策。

English translation of above statement

Warning: This is a class A product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

Regulatory compliance

Table 1 lists the Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC), Immunity standards, and safety agency approvals for the FastIron family of switches.

TABLE 1 Regulatory compliance and safety approvals

Certifications

Emissions:

- ICES-003, Electromagnetic Emission
- FCC Part 15 Class A
- EN 55022/CISPR 22 Class A
- VCCI Class A
- EN 61000-3-2, Power Line Harmonics
- EN 61000-3-3, Voltage Fluctuation & Flicker
- EN 61000-6-3, Electromagnetic Compatibility, Generic Standard
- AS/NZS CISPR 22, Electromagnetic Compatibility

mmunity:

- EN 61000-6-1, Electromagnetic Compatibility, Generic Standard
- EN 55024, Information Technology equipment Immunity Characteristics

Safety:

- BI-NAT CSA 60950-1-03/UL 60950-1
- EN 60950-1:2001
- IEC 60950-1:2001

RoHS Compliance:

Complies with the EU standard 2002/95/EC

Caution and Danger Notices

The caution and danger notices that appear in this manual are listed below in English, German, French, and Spanish.

Cautions

A caution calls your attention to a possible hazard that can damage equipment.

"Vorsicht" weist auf die Gefahr einer möglichen Beschädigung des Gerätes in.

Une mise en garde attire votre attention sur un risque possible d'endommagement de l'équipement. Ci-dessous, vous trouverez les mises en garde utilisées dans ce manuel.

Un mensaje de precaución le advierte sobre un peligro posible que pueda dañar el equipo. Las siguientes son precauciones utilizadas en este manual.

Table 0.1:

CAUTION	Do not install the device in an environment where the operating ambient temperature might exceed 40° C (104° F).
VORSICHT	Das Gerät darf nicht in einer Umgebung mit einer Umgebungsbetriebstemperatur von über 40° C (104° F) installiert werden.
MISE EN GARDE	N'installez pas le dispositif dans un environnement où la température d'exploitation ambiante risque de dépasser 40° C (104° F).
PRECAUCIÓN	No instale el instrumento en un entorno en el que la temperatura ambiente de operación pueda exceder los 40°C (104°F).

Table 0.2:

CAUTION	Make sure the air flow around the front, sides, and back of the device is not restricted.
VORSICHT	Stellen Sie sicher, dass an der Vorderseite, den Seiten und an der Rückseite der Luftstrom nicht behindert wird.
MISE EN GARDE	Vérifiez que rien ne restreint la circulation d'air devant, derrière et sur les côtés du dispositif et qu'elle peut se faire librement.
PRECAUCIÓN	Asegúrese de que el flujo de aire en las inmediaciones de las partes anterior, laterales y posterior del instrumento no esté restringido.

Table 0.3:

CAUTION	Use a separate branch circuit for each AC power cord, which provides redundancy in case one of the circuits fails.
VORSICHT	Es empfiehlt sich die Installation eines separaten Stromkreiszweiges für jede Wechselstrom-Elektroschnur als Redundanz im Fall des Ausfalls eines Stromkreises.
MISE EN GARDE	Utilisez un circuit de dérivation différent pour chaque cordon d'alimentation C.A. Ainsi, il y aura un circuit redondant en cas de panne d'un des circuits.
PRECAUCIÓN	Use un circuito derivado separado para cada cordón de alimentación de CA, con lo que se proporcionará redundancia en caso de que uno de los circuitos falle.

Table 0.4:

CAUTION	Ensure that the device does not overload the power circuits, wiring, and over-current protection. To determine the possibility of overloading the supply circuits, add the ampere (amp) ratings of all devices installed on the same circuit as the device. Compare this total with the rating limit for the circuit. The maximum ampere ratings are usually printed on the devices near the input power connectors.
VORSICHT	Stromkreise, Verdrahtung und Überlastschutz dürfen nicht durch das Gerät überbelastet werden. Addieren Sie die Nennstromleistung (in Ampere) aller Geräte, die am selben Stromkreis wie das Gerät installiert sind. Somit können Sie feststellen, ob die Gefahr einer Überbelastung der Versorgungsstromkreise vorliegt. Vergleichen Sie diese Summe mit der Nennstromgrenze des Stromkreises. Die Höchstnennströme (in Ampere) stehen normalerweise auf der Geräterückseite neben den Eingangsstromanschlüssen.
MISE EN GARDE	Assurez-vous que le dispositif ne risque pas de surcharger les circuits d'alimentation, le câblage et la protection de surintensité. Pour déterminer le risque de surcharge des circuits d'alimentation, additionnez l'intensité nominale (ampères) de tous les dispositifs installés sur le même circuit que le dispositif en question. Comparez alors ce total avec la limite de charge du circuit. L'intensité nominale maximum en ampères est généralement imprimée sur chaque dispositif près des connecteurs d'entrée d'alimentation.
PRECAUCIÓN	Verifique que el instrumento no sobrecargue los circuitos de corriente, el cableado y la protección para sobrecargas. Para determinar la posibilidad de sobrecarga en los circuitos de suministros, añada las capacidades nominales de corriente (amp) de todos los instrumentos instalados en el mismo circuito que el instrumento. Compare esta suma con el límite nominal para el circuito. Las capacidades nominales de corriente máximas están generalmente impresas en los instrumentos, cerca de los conectores de corriente de entrada.

Table 0.5:

CAUTION	Use the erase startup-config command only for new systems. If you enter this command on a system you have already configured, the command erases the configuration. If you accidentally do erase the configuration on a configured system, enter the write memory command to save the running configuration to the startup-config file.
VORSICHT	Verwenden Sie den Befehl "Erase startup-config" (Löschen Startup-Konfig) nur für neue Systeme. Wenn Sie diesen Befehl in ein bereits konfiguriertes System eingeben, löscht der Befehl die Konfiguration. Falls Sie aus Versehen die Konfiguration eines bereits konfigurierten Systems löschen, geben Sie den Befehl "Write Memory" (Speicher schreiben) ein, um die laufende Konfiguration in der Startup-Konfig-Datei zu speichern.
MISE EN GARDE	N'utilisez la commande erase startup-config que pour les nouveaux systèmes. Si vous entrez cette commande sur un système que vous avez déjà configuré, elle efface la configuration. Si vous effacez la configuration par accident sur un système configuré, entrez la commande write memory pour enregistrer la configuration actuelle dans le fichier startup-config.
PRECAUCIÓN	Use el comando erase startup-config (borrar configuración de inicio) para sistemas nuevos solamente. Si usted introduce este comando en un sistema que ya ha configurado, el comando borrará la configuración. Si usted borra accidentalmente la configuración en un sistema ya configurado, introduzca el comando write memory (escribir memoria) para guardar la configuración en ejecución en el archivo startup-config.

Table 0.6:

CAUTION	Never leave tools inside the chassis.
VORSICHT	Lassen Sie keine Werkzeuge im Chassis zurück.
MISE EN GARDE	Ne laissez jamais d'outils à l'intérieur du châssis.
PRECAUCIÓN	No deje nunca herramientas en el interior del chasis.

Table 0.7:

CAUTION	Changes or modifications made to this device that are not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.
VORSICHT	Falls dieses Gerät verändert oder modifiziert wird, ohne die ausdrückliche Genehmigung der für die Einhaltung der Anforderungen verantwortlichen Partei einzuholen, kann dem Benutzer der weitere Betrieb des Gerätes untersagt werden.
MISE EN GARDE	Les éventuelles modifications apportées à cet équipement sans avoir été expressément approuvées par la partie responsable d'en évaluer la conformité sont susceptibles d'annuler le droit de l'utilisateur à utiliser cet équipement.
PRECAUCIÓN	Si se realizan cambios o modificaciones en este dispositivo sin la autorización expresa de la parte responsable del cumplimiento de las normas, la licencia del usuario para operar este equipo puede quedar anulada.

Table 0.8:

CAUTION	Remove the power cord from a power supply before you install it in or remove it from the device. Otherwise, the power supply or the device could be damaged as a result. (The device can be running while a power supply is being installed or removed, but the power supply itself should not be connected to a power source.)
VORSICHT	Vor dem Installieren einer Stromversorgung im Gerät bzw. vor dem Herausnehmen einer Stromversorgung aus dem Gerät das Netzkabel von der Stromversorgung trennen. Geschieht das nicht, kann dies zur Beschädigung der Stromversorgung bzw. des Geräts führen. (Die Stromversorgung kann im laufenden Gerätebetrieb herausgenommen bzw. installiert werden, sollte dabei aber nicht an einer Stromquelle angeschlossen sein.)
MISE EN GARDE	Débrancher le cordon secteur de l'alimentation avant de le la raccorder à l'équipement ou de le la déconnecter de celui-ci, faute de quoi le circuit d'alimentation de l'équipement pourrait être endommagé. (L'équipement peut fonctionner pendant la dépose ou le remplacement d'une alimentation électrique, mais il est important que celle-ci ne soit pas raccordée au secteur.)
PRECAUCIÓN	Desenchufe el cable eléctrico de una fuente de alimentación antes de proceder a montarla o a desmontarla del dispositivo. En caso contrario, la fuente de alimentación o el dispositivo podrían sufrir daños. (Aunque el dispositivo podrá mantenerse en funcionamiento durante la instalación o desinstalación de la fuente de alimentación, dicha fuente de alimentación no deberá estar conectada a una toma de corriente).

Danger

A danger calls your attention to a possible hazard that can cause injury or death. The following are the danger notices used in this manual.

"Gefahr" weist auf eine mögliche Gefährdung hin, die zu Verletzungen oder Tod führen können. Sie finden die folgenden Warnhinweise in diesem Handbuch:

Un danger attire votre attention sur un risque possible de blessure ou de décès. Ci-dessous, vous trouverez les Dangers utilisés dans ce manuel.

Una peligro le llama la atención sobre cualquier peligro posible que pueda ocasionar daños personales o la muerte. A continuación se dan las advertencias utilizadas en este manual.

Table 0.11:

DANGER	The procedures in this manual are for qualified service personnel.
GEFAHR	Die Verfahren in diesem Handbuch sind nur für qualifiziertes Wartungspersonal gedacht.
DANGER	Les procédures décrites dans ce manuel doivent être effectuées par le personnel de service qualifié uniquement.
PELIGRO	Los procedimientos de este manual se han hecho para personal de servicio cualificado.

Table 0.12:

DANGER	Before beginning the installation, refer to the precautions in "Power precautions" on page 21.
GEFAHR	Vor der Installation siehe Vorsichtsmaßnahmen unter "Power Precautions" (Vorsichtsmaßnahmen in Bezug auf elektrische Ablagen) auf den Seiten page 21.
DANGER	Avant de commencer l'installation, consultez les précautions décrites dans " Power Precautions " (Précautions quant à l'alimentation), page 21.
PELIGRO	Antes de comenzar la instalación, consulte las precauciones en la sección "Power Precautions" (Precauciones sobre corriente) que se encuentra en las páginas page 21.

Table 0.13:

DANGER	All fiber optic interfaces use Class 1 lasers.
GEFAHR	Alle Glasfaser-Schnittstellen verwenden Laser der Klasse 1.
DANGER	Toutes les interfaces en fibres optiques utilisent des lasers de classe 1.
PELIGRO	Todas las interfaces de fibra óptica utilizan láser de clase 1.

Table 0.14:

DANGER	Make sure the rack or cabinet housing the device is adequately secured to prevent it from becoming unstable or falling over.
GEFAHR	Stellen Sie sicher, dass das Gestell oder der Schrank für die Unterbringung des Geräts auf angemessene Weise gesichert ist, so dass das Gestell oder der Schrank nicht wackeln oder umfallen kann.
DANGER	Vérifiez que le bâti ou le support abritant le dispositif est bien fixé afin qu'il ne devienne pas instable ou qu'il ne risque pas de tomber.
PELIGRO	Verifique que el bastidor o armario que alberga el instrumento está asegurado correctamente para evitar que pueda hacerse inestable o que caiga.

Table 0.15:

DANGER	Mount the devices you install in a rack or cabinet as low as possible. Place the heaviest device at the bottom and progressively place lighter devices above.
GEFAHR	Montieren Sie die Geräte im Gestell oder Schrank so tief wie möglich. Platzieren Sie das schwerste Gerät ganz unten, während leichtere Geräte je nach Gewicht (je schwerer desto tiefer) darüber untergebracht werden.
DANGER	Montez les dispositifs que vous installez dans un bâti ou support aussi bas que possible. Placez le dispositif le plus lourd en bas et le plus léger en haut, en plaçant tous les dispositifs progressivement de bas en haut du plus lourd au plus léger.
PELIGRO	Monte los instrumentos que instale en un bastidor o armario lo más bajos posible. Ponga el instrumento más pesado en la parte inferior y los instrumentos progresivamente más livianos más arriba.

Table 0.16:

DANGER	Disconnect the power cord from all power sources to completely remove power from the device.
GEFAHR	Ziehen Sie das Stromkabel aus allen Stromquellen, um sicherzustellen, dass dem Gerät kein Strom zugeführt wird.
DANGER	Débranchez le cordon d'alimentation de toutes les sources d'alimentation pour couper complètement l'alimentation du dispositif.
PELIGRO	Para desconectar completamente la corriente del instrumento, desconecte el cordón de corriente de todas las fuentes de corriente.

Table 0.17:

DANGER	If the installation requires a different power cord than the one supplied with the device, make sure you use a power cord displaying the mark of the safety agency that defines the regulations for power cords in your country. The mark is your assurance that the power cord can be used safely with the device.
GEFAHR	Falls für die Installation ein anderes Stromkabel erforderlich ist (wenn das mit dem Gerät gelieferte Kabel nicht passt), müssen Sie sicherstellen, dass Sie ein Stromkabel mit dem Siegel einer Sicherheitsbehörde verwenden, die für die Zertifizierung von Stromkabeln in Ihrem Land zuständig ist. Das Siegel ist Ihre Garantie, dass das Stromkabel sicher mit Ihrem Gerät verwendet werden kann.
DANGER	Si l'installation nécessite un cordon d'alimentation autre que celui fourni avec le dispositif, assurez-vous d'utiliser un cordon d'alimentation portant la marque de l'organisation responsable de la sécurité qui définit les normes et régulations pour les cordons d'alimentation dans votre pays. Cette marque vous assure que vous pouvez utiliser le cordon d'alimentation avec le dispositif en toute sécurité.
PELIGRO	Si la instalación requiere un cordón de corriente distinto al que se ha suministrado con el instrumento, verifique que usa un cordón de corriente que venga con la marca de la agencia de seguridad que defina las regulaciones para cordones de corriente en su país. Esta marca será su garantía de que el cordón de corriente puede ser utilizado con seguridad con el instrumento.

Table 0.18:

DANGER	For safety reasons, the ESD wrist strap should contain a series 1 meg ohm resistor.
GEFAHR	Aus Sicherheitsgründen sollte ein EGB-Armband zum Schutz von elektronischen gefährdeten Bauelementen mit einem 1 Megaohm-Reihenwiderstand ausgestattet sein.
DANGER	Pour des raisons de sécurité, la dragonne ESD doit contenir une résistance de série 1 méga ohm.
PELIGRO	Por razones de seguridad, la correa de muñeca ESD deberá contener un resistor en serie de 1 mega ohmio.

Table 0.19:

DANGER	Do not place an RPS unit on the floor as the case is not waterproof. It is recommended that either of the RPS units be installed in a network equipment rack
GEFAHR	Eine RPS-Einheit darf NICHT auf den Fußboden gestellt werden, da das Gehäuse nicht wasserdicht ist. Es wird empfohlen, dass RPS-Einheiten in einem Rack für Netzwerkgeräte installiert werden.
DANGER	NE PAS placer une alimentation stabilisée directement sur le sol, car son boîtier n'est pas étanche. Il est recommandé d'installer les unités d'alimentation stabilisée dans un rack.
PELIGRO	NO coloque la unidad RPS en el suelo, pues la carcasa no es impermeable. Se recomienda la instalación de alguna de las unidades RPS en un armazón para equipos de red.

Caution and Danger Notices

Danger